

ALAMO AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Prepared by:

John Clamp, Chief Financial Officer Blanca Tapia, Controller



	Page <u>Number</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	i – xxiii
Organizational Chart	xxiv
List of Principal Officials	xxv
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	10
to the Statement of Activities	18
Notes to the Financial Statements	19

	Page <u>Number</u>
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	37
Schedule of Employer Contributions – Texas County and District Retirement System	38
Notes to Schedule of Employer Contributions - Texas County and District Retirement System	39
Supplementary Information:	
Combining Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	40
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	43
Indirect Costs and Employee Benefit Schedules:	
Schedule of Indirect Costs	46
Schedule of Employee Benefits (Fringe and Release Time)	47
Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities Services Schedules (Unaudited):	
Reconciliation of Total Expenditures to Fourth Quarter Financial Report	48
Reconciliation of Total Revenue to Fourth Quarter Financial Report	49
Reconciliation of Total Revenue to First Quarter FY 18 Financial Report	50
Schedule Revenues and Expenditures by Source of Funds	51

		Page <u>Number</u>
Schedule of Indirect Costs		52
Schedule of Insurance in Effect		53 - 54
Schedule of Professional and Consulting Services		55 - 57
Schedule of Legal Services		58
Schedule of Lease and Rental Commitments		59
Schedule of Space Occupied in a State-Owned Facility		60
Schedule of Bonded Employees		61
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)	<u>Ta</u>	<u>able</u>
Financial Trends:		
Net Position by Component	1	62
Changes in Net Position	2	63
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	3	65
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	4	66
Revenue Capacity:		
Local Government Annual Membership Dues by Entity	5	68
Demographic and Economic Information:		
Demographic and Economic Statistics	6	69
Principal Employers	7	70
Operating Information:		
Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function	8	71
Operating Indicators by Function	9	73
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	10	74

	Page <u>Number</u>
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With	
Government Auditing Standards	75
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the	
State of Texas Uniform Grant Management Standards	77
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	79
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	85
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	86
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	87

INTRODUCTORY SECTION





Board of Directors

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Judith Zaffirini (Ex-Officio) State Representative, District 21 June 27, 2018

The Honorable Chris Schuchart and Members of the Board of Directors Alamo Area Council of Governments San Antonio, TX

Dear Judge Schuchart and Members of the Board of Directors:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Alamo Area Council of Governments (the "Council" or "AACOG") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 is hereby submitted. This report was prepared by the Department of Accounting, which accepts responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, and fairness of the data presented. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of AACOG has established a comprehensive framework of internal controls that is designed to protect AACOG from loss and allow the compilation of reliable information to prepare the attached financial statements in conformity with GAAP. It should be noted that reasonable internal control measures weigh the cost of those procedures against their benefits and AACOG's internal control measures provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects, that it properly reflects the financial position and the results of operation of the Council, and that all disclosures have been made to enable the reader to acquire the maximum understanding of financial affairs concerning the Council.

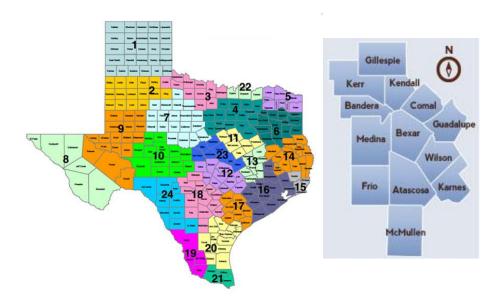
These financial statements are presented annually in compliance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the *State of Texas Uniform Grant Management Standards* as well as Article X of the Council's Bylaws. Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P, Certified Public Accountants have issued an unmodified opinion, sometimes referred to as a "clean" opinion on the AACOG financial statements included herein. This report is located on pages 1-3 at the front of the financial section of the report.

The Council has prepared Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) which immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This MD&A is intended to complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Alamo Area Council of Governments profile:

In 1967, the Alamo Area Council of Governments (Council) was created under authority of State Law now re-codified as Local Government Code, Chapter 391 and is statutorily a political subdivision of the state. The Council is a voluntary membership organization of local governments in a thirteen-county region of Southcentral Texas. The organization is one of 24 regional councils in Texas. The Council was established to study and resolve area-wide problems through the cooperation and coordination action of member cities, counties, school districts and special purpose districts of the region. The Council continues to be dedicated to improving the quality of life of the citizens of the region through cooperative efforts to enhance the physical, social, and economic environment of the communities it serves.

AACOG is governed by a 32 member board of directors from member local governments. The board represents local and state elected officials to include: state house and senate, county governments, cities, school districts, and public utilities. During 2017, AACOG's membership was comprised of the 13 county governments, 56 cities, and 6 school districts, 2 public utilities, 8 special districts, 16 associate members and 19 strategic partners. According to the 2010 Decennial Population Count from the U.S. Bureau of Census, these member governments represented approximately 2.25 million citizens and covered an area of 12,585 square miles. Below is a graphic representation of the AACOG region (18) and its location in the state of Texas.



Texas Economic Condition and Outlook:

Texas' \$1.5 trillion economy is the second largest in the United States. It is also home to 100 of the 1,000 largest public and private U.S. companies. The State Comptroller estimates the 2018 unemployment rate to be 4.4% compared to 4.7% in 2017. In addition, the comptroller estimates Real Gross State Product to increase in 2018 to 1.593 trillion from 1.536 trillion in 2017. Overall the state is in very good economic health.

San Antonio and Bexar County continue to see accelerated growth in its population. It is estimated that the San Antonio metropolitan area will increase by 1 million residents by 2040.



Long-term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives:

Alamo Regional Transit (ART) is a service that provides public transportation originating in the 12 rural counties (Atascosa, Bandera, Comal, Frio, Gillespie, Guadalupe, Karnes, Kendall, Kerr, McMullen, Medina, and Wilson) outside of San Antonio and Bexar County. Transportation is a critical component and it is ART's mission to provide safe, reliable, professional, and courteous transportation at the lowest cost to residents in the Alamo Region service area. In 2017, ART provided 101,394 trips to residents of the region for medical appointments, work, school, adult day care, and personal needs such as shopping, just to name a few.

ART operates a deviated fixed route in the City of Seguin, the only one in the 12-county Alamo Region, called "Connect Seguin." This route is an hour long loop that stops at major destinations around the city and continues to grow in ridership from the collaborative efforts between the City of Seguin and AACOG. In November 2016 this route was revised to 15 stops, which increased efficiencies, timings, and ridership. The low cost service provided over 14,260 rides during 2017 and plans to exceed this ridership during 2018 by continuing outreach and increasing advertising efforts.

In 2018, ART plans to continue elements of the five-year coordinated plan that was approved in 2017 by focusing on increasing ridership and coordination through mobility management, rideshare/van pool services, and coordinating with other Non-Emergency Medical Transportation (NEMT) services, dialysis, and other human service programs.

To that end, ART plans to improve efficiencies by purchasing new vehicles that will reduce overall operating costs, purchasing new software for reservations and scheduling, and developing rideshare and/or van pools throughout the region. ART will also work towards improving the image of the program through coordination with other agencies and programs, bus advertising, and continued outreach.

Call-A-Ride 4 Vets (CARV)

Through continued funding from the Texas Veterans Commission (TVC) Fund for Veterans' Assistance, CARV enrolled 3,418 veterans, surviving spouses, and family members in 2017, surpassing the goal of 3,000 by 114%. CARV provided over 950 VIA bus passes and over 6,000 rides for members to medical appointments, senior centers, job interviews, and many other destinations throughout the 13-county AACOG region. With the great success this program has obtained, TVC has granted the renewal of the program through 2017-2018.



Albert Baca escorts Ms. Josephine Reaves, WWll Vet & Bronze Star recipient, to San Antonio City Hall where she was recognized for her military service.





The Alamo and Bexar Area Agencies on Aging (AAAs) are part of a nationwide network coordinating supportive services for the elderly, with funding provided by the Older Americans Act of 1965 and its subsequent amendments. The agencies plan and contract services for senior citizens throughout the AACOG region. With the AAAs acting as an advocate, awareness of the needs of the elderly increases through services and assists them and their families with options that promote independent, well-being, and dignity. Programs and services provided by the AAAs include case management; family caregiver support and respite; support for grandparents raising grandchildren; legal assistance; home delivered and congregate meals; health and wellness coaching, including Chronic Disease and Diabetes Self-Management programs; A Matter of Balance program; Stress Busting for Caregivers (Dementia) Program; Ombudsman Services; and home modifications for safety and independent living.

Alamo Service Connection (an Aging and Disability Resource Center)

The Alamo Service Connection (ASC) is the gateway to the public's access to services and is part of the "no wrong door" network of social service agencies in the AACOG region. It is one of the 22 statewide Health and Human Services Commission-designated Aging and Disability Resource Centers (ADRC) and provides a wealth of unbiased information to individuals seeking long term care and supports in the community. Moreover, the ASC helps seniors, people with disabilities, Veterans, and caregivers to navigate the maze of available options to ensure they are receiving the services and support that best fit their situation. During fiscal year 2017, the ASC provided 45,294 referrals to 25,902 callers, of which 5,521 were Veterans, spouses, or dependents.

Care Coordination and Caregiver Support Program

The Care Coordination program provides case management services to persons 60 years of age and older, caregivers caring for a loved one who is 60 years of age or older, and persons 55 and over who are raising their grandchildren/kinship who are 18 and under. Services provided include residential repair (installation of grab bars, handrails, and appliances) and health maintenance (providing incontinence supplies, and eyeglasses), and in-home services (homemaker and personal assistance). These services allowed 2,716 senior clients to remain in the community and age in place with dignity, security, and enhanced quality of life.



The AAAs provide support to older Texans raising children in the 13-county region. The Alamo Area Agency on Aging and AACOG staff collected and donated school supplies and backpacks to 76 grandchildren and great-grandchildren in the Alamo Aging Grandparents Raising Grandchildren Program to start their school year. The Bexar AAA Caregiver Support program provided back-to-school voucher assistance to 397 children as part of the "Grandparents Raising Grandchildren event."

The Bexar Senior Advisory Committee's Access and Assistance Subcommittee sponsored the second annual Elder Fraud Summit, on June 7, 2017, at the Northeast Senior Center in San Antonio. Five hundred seniors attended this free educational seminar, which provided those in attendance with tips on elder abuse prevention. The keynote speaker was District Attorney Nicholas "Nico" LaHood. Other speakers included Bexar County Sheriff Javier Salazar and Detective David Brinkman from the San Antonio Police Department. There were also presentations by experts from Adult Protective Services, AARP, Frost Bank, and the Social Security Administration. Those in attendance were able to visit resource tables, receive give-a-ways, and utilize the free shredding truck.



The Bexar AAA and the Grandparents Raising Grandchildren Coalition collaborated to present the First Older Relative Caregiver Conference on September 12th at CentroMed. More than 150 older relative caregivers attended the conference; and more than 20 community partners provided support, information, and resources to attendees. 225th District Court Judge Peter Sakai spoke at the conference, addressing advocacy and other issues affecting grandparents and older relative caregivers who assume the responsibility of caring for children placed in their care. In addition, Paul Zambie, Managing Attorney with the Texas Legal Service Center, provided an overview of legal issues specific to *Transfer on Death Deeds*; and Cynthia Hazel, M.A., Reiki Master, Quantum Healer, spoke about *Re-parenting Grandchildren: A Joyful Journey*. The conference concluded with an expert panel including Tammy Lampkin; Texas Health and Human Services Commission (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families); Erica Banuelos; Texas Department of Family & Protective Services; and Delilah Trevino, Compliance Coordinator with Edgewood Independent School District (Special Ed), who presented on various topics.



Judge Peter Sakai with Caregiver Conference Participants

Long-Term Care (LTC) Ombudsman Program

Ombudsman are advocates for residents of licensed nursing homes and assisted living communities. They work to resolve problems of individual residents and to bring about changes at the local, state and national levels to improve residents' care and quality of life. Some of the ways in which LTC Ombudsmen serve residents include telling residents about their rights, empowering, and supporting residents and their families to discuss concerns with staff. In 2017, the Alamo and Bexar Ombudsman Programs made 1,510 visits to nursing homes and 1,212 visits to assisted living communities in the region.



Two Volunteer Ombudsman working with Aging Sensitivity Training Kits

Age Well, Live Well

The Age Well, Live Well Network hosted a financial wellness event for seniors at Bibliotech West in May; which highlighted online budgeting tools, the cost of food waste, and end of life planning. The network includes approximately 20 community agencies and organizations, with the intent of promoting and supporting opportunities for all individuals to be active and healthy throughout their lives.

Health and Wellness

The Health and Wellness Program ensures seniors have access to evidenced-based courses that prevent falls and promote healthy living in the 13-county AACOG Region. Classes offered throughout the year were *A Matter of Balance*, *Chronic Disease Self-Management*, and *Diabetes Self-Management*. The AAAs also received a *Falls Free Reduction Empowerment and Education (FREE)* grant from United Way of Tarrant County. This grant allowed AAA staff to conduct free *Matter of Balance* classes, which helped seniors prevent and protect them-selves from falls and fall hazards. More than 230 seniors attended these free classes.



Larry Johnson and Anthia Murray lead Matter of Balance Class at Virginia Gill Community Center

Veteran Programs

TxServes – San Antonio is part of a national network of coordination centers developed by the Institute of Veterans and Military Families (IVMF) at Syracuse University. The Walmart Foundation generously funds the network. AACOG was selected in April 2017 as the 10th Coordination Center, and the first for Texas. TxServes – San Antonio officially launched on June 27, 2017.

TxServes – San Antonio specifically serves our military, veterans, and dependents. The program can be described as a collective impact group that serves the military-connected community.

TxServes is a web-based platform that connects all service providers (both locally and nationally) in the network. It covers 15 service categories, including transportation, employment, food and housing. Individuals seeking assistance through TxServes an access us three ways: 1)

TxServes.org; 2) telephone 1-888-SA-4-VETS; or 3) walk-in directly to AACOG and request assistance.



TxServes Providers
Training

Veteran-Directed Home and Community Based Services (VDHCBS) is a program of the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) for self-directed care. VDHCBS empowers Veterans to choose and manage services and



supports in their own homes as an alternative to living in a long-term care facility. The veteran or the Veteran Representative (Employer) hires, supervises, evaluates and pays the employee to provide specific services and supports that the Veteran needs to live in his or her own home. VDHCBS serves Veterans within 100 miles of San Antonio. To date, VDHCBS has served 41 Veterans in the region.

TxServes – San Antonio Launch at Texas A&M San Antonio Patriots' Casa

IDD Services

Intellectual & Developmental Disability Services (IDD)

Since 2006, AACOG has served as the single point of access and "front door" to publically-funded services and supports for persons with IDD in Bexar County. AACOG is responsible for planning, policy and resource development, and oversight of IDD services, whether the program is provided by a public or private entity.

Our Service Coordinators/Case Managers help people access medical, social, educational, and other appropriate services and supports. These services help them achieve an acceptable quality of life and community participation. Our Service Coordinators/Case Managers are actively involved in the lives of more than 5,000 community members and their families.

Service Coordination is provided to individuals enrolling in, participating in, or transitioning from:

Nursing Facilities (NF); Intermediate Care Facilities (ICF/IID); State Supported Living Centers (SSLC); Home and Community-based Services (HCS); Texas Home Living (TxHmL); General Revenue (GR); and, Community First Choice (CFC).

Safety Net Services provided to individuals with IDD in 2017:



As AACOG embarks on a new era, so too does our local services for individuals with intellectual disabilities, developmental disabilities, and related conditions. One of the most visible signs of our efforts to demystify services available to the community is our name change. Formerly known as the Alamo Local Authority for Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities, this name was frequently shortened to Alamo Local Authority, or simply ALA, leaving a sense of confusion for many of the most vulnerable citizens in the community with little understanding of the actual services and resources available. To further increase transparency and efficiency, the Intellectual and Developmental Disability (IDD) Services department has eliminated separate branding and adopted the AACOG logo.



IDD Services

In addition to rebranding, we have engaged the community through more than 25 community education & outreach events with more than 20 agencies; given our brochures and publications a refreshed looked with simplified language; and forged new partnerships with community agencies and Independent School Districts.

Finally, in a show of intra-agency coordination and the removal of internal silos, IDD Services and the Regional Law Enforcement Academy partnered to create and produce a first-of-its-kind training for the Alamo region and State of Texas. The *Recognition & Response to the IDD Community* is a two-way street training model for law enforcement and first responders. This is an innovative, inclusive training of relevant content; includes the most recent recommendations from the Department of Justice; provides a replicable, sustainable, hands-on interactive model; and, provides trained officers the opportunity to meet and mentor community members with IDD. The goal of this training model is to inspire a shift in thinking, feeling, and action; and to teach officers how to better interact with the IDD community. This training is part of the effort to change misperceptions about persons with disabilities and to provide law enforcement experiences that will help them see people with disabilities as people first.



Jose Robledo, Academy Instructor, with other law enforcement officers from George West Police Department, Kendall County Sheriff's Office, and Comal County District Attorney's Office, and IDD community members, interacting as part of the Recognition and Response to the IDD Community course.

Preadmission Screening and Resident Review

Preadmission Screening and Resident Review (PASRR) is a federal requirement to help ensure that individuals are not inappropriately placed in nursing homes for long term care. PASRR requires that 1) all applicants to a Medicaid-certified nursing facility be evaluated for serious mental illness (SMI) and/or intellectual disability (ID); 2) be offered the most appropriate setting for their needs (in the community, a nursing facility, or acute care settings); and 3) receive the services they need in those settings. PASRR protects the rights of individuals with disabilities to receive care in community-based settings. PASRR also reinforces person-centered planning by ensuring that an individual's psychological, psychiatric, and functional needs are considered along with personal goals and preferences in planning long term care. In 2017 more than 250 individuals admitted to nursing facilities were evaluated for specialized services as a result of an intellectual or developmental disability.

IDD Services

IDD Crisis Services

One of the greatest obstacles individuals with IDD and their supportive family members face is access to adequate behavioral crisis respite support services and training opportunities. In a continued effort to address the significant need for behavioral crisis resolution services, we continue to enhance our IDD crisis respite program which provides therapeutic respite in-home (72 hours) or out-of-home (up to 14 calendar days) to stabilize the situation. Therapeutic respite is a flexible array of services. It includes behavioral support provided to individuals

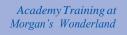


with IDD, who require varying therapeutic and habilitative levels of intervention to holistically address the stressors that result in challenging behaviors. In 2017 more than 327 individuals were served through our IDD Crisis Intervention and Crisis Respite services.

IDD staff participate in Day of Service working at various nonprofits in the San Antonio area

SPIRIT Project

IDD Services and the Regional Law Enforcement Academy were recently awarded a grant from the Texas Workforce Commission for a targeted job readiness and skills training program at Morgan's Wonderland. The grant will help strengthen the regional workforce by forging stronger linkages between families and individuals with IDD, employers, and educators, to meet workforce needs in the San Antonio area. This pilot project, titled Skills Pipeline – Investment in Regional Innovation & Training (SPIRIT) Project – Job Readiness for Individuals with IDD, develops employment opportunities for individuals with IDD who may have previously been excluded from the workforce, and provides them with the assistance and training necessary to access and retain these opportunities.

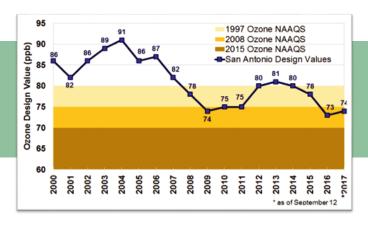






AACOG's Natural Resources department focuses on data and strategies to improve air quality in the region by reducing ground-level ozone pollution. The Air Quality program encompasses projects that help us better understand the complex makeup of our air, and what may be most effectively done to improve it.

In 2015, to make its ozone standard more protective of human health and the environment, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) lowered the acceptable concentration for ground-level ozone to 70 parts per billion (ppb). The new ozone standard poses a particular challenge to the area due to our rapidly growing population. The Alamo region is anticipating an air quality nonattainment designation by the EPA; which could have far reaching impacts on transportation projects, economic development, and the local cost of living. AACOG is working with local government and business leaders to meet this challenge by adopting strategies that will help lower air pollution in the Alamo Region.



A primary goal of the air quality program is to determine how ozone in the lower atmosphere responds to influencing factors, such as meteorological conditions.

Key Regional Events

Cost of Nonattainment Study

At the direction of the AIR Executive Committee, AACOG contracted for a study of the potential economic impact of nonattainment to the region. The report summarized the potential costs to the metropolitan economy that could be anticipated under a marginal or moderate nonattainment determination. It concluded that the metropolitan economy could experience losses of up to \$1 billion per year upon official designation by the EPA. As mentioned in the report, much of the impact would be attributed to economic opportunity costs as businesses choose to expand or relocate to regions deemed as being in attainment. However, the losses would also result from a variety of costs, including:

- Cost of Additional Permitting
- Cost of Project Delays
- Costs of Mandated Program Operations
- GRP Losses Due to Additional Inspection Fees
- GRP Losses Due to Road Construction Delays
- Costs to Reduce Point Source NOx Emissions



Rider 7 Termination and AACOG Program Transition

In an unanticipated action at the end of the 85th Texas Legislative session, Governor Greg Abbott vetoed 2018-19 biennial funding from what has been known as the Rider 7 Air Quality Planning Program. This long-standing program originated in 1995 for the specific purpose of assisting near nonattainment areas across the state with air quality planning, including the Alamo Region. The resulting loss of \$1.4 million over the 2018-19 biennium for air quality programming in the AACOG region represents an estimated reduction of 70 percent of AACOG's Natural Resources Department funding.

In response to this action, AACOG staff developed a revised work plan which focused on preserving sufficient funding to continue essential activities through June 2018. Activities that AACOG prioritized and recommended for continuation with remaining TCEQ funding include: Development of the Conceptual Model; Eagle Ford Shale, Commercial, Residential Emissions Inventories; Photochemical Modeling; Data Inputs; and Local Control Strategies. These recommendations were approved by the TCEQ in November 2017.

Stakeholder Support

Once the impacts of reduced funding to the region were assessed, the AIR Executive Committee and the AACOG Board of Directors supported efforts to work with community air quality stakeholders to identify additional funding opportunities. As a result of these efforts, a significant portion of funding and in-kind services have been identified to extend technical activities which were originally slated for discontinuation.

AACOG's sincere appreciation is offered to the following entities for their contributions and commitment toward air quality planning activities:

Stakeholder Contributions

Stakehotaer Contributions				
Entity	Activity	Commitment		
CPS Energy	Ambient Air Quality Monitoring	Continue management of six AACOG-owned air quality monitors to continue the collection of air quality data for the foreseeable future as well as the addition of a new monitor at Government Canyon Natural Area		
City of San Antonio	Photochemical modeling, emissions inventory, local control strategy	\$125,000 to continue technical air quality planning activities through 2018		
Bexar County	Photochemical modeling, emissions inventory, local control strategy	\$125,000 to continue technical air quality planning activities through 2018		
South Texas Energy and Economic Roundtable (STEER); Texas Aggregates and Concrete Association (TACA); Capitol Aggregates; Martin Marietta; Cemex; and Alamo	Emissions inventories	\$57,500 to continue air quality planning activities through 2018		

Natural Resources Air Quality Overview

Alamo Area Clean Cities Coalition

The Alamo Area Clean Cities Coalition (AACCC) supports local actions to reduce petroleum use in transportation by providing technical assistance to fleets, seeking grant and funding opportunities, and hosting educational events, as well as other services that expand the use of alternative and renewable fuels, idle-reduction measures, fuel economy improvements, and emerging transportation technologies.



In 2017, the AACCC focused on consultations with fleet managers and public outreach events. In June, the AACCC hosted a workshop providing information on Volkswagen Environmental Mitigation Trust funding. These funds result from an emissions-related lawsuit settlement through which it is anticipated that the AACOG region may receive access to an estimated \$23 million for repowering or replacing outdated vehicles. Representatives from over thirty area public fleets attended this workshop.

In September, the AACCC hosted Drive Electric Day – San Antonio at the Pearl Brewery's Farmers Market. With more than a dozen electric vehicles (EV) on display and available for test drives, the event drew more than 500 attendees. Chris Langston, who attended the event and rode in a Tesla Model S and BMW i3 Rex commented, "The best part of the event was being able to interact with local EV owners. Being able to talk, question, and ride along with an EV owner far exceeds anything you can get from talking with a car salesman. You know you are getting straightforward answers and not a sales pitch."



Drive Electric Day – San Antonio at the Pearl Brewery's Farmers Market



Natural Resources Air Quality Overview

Commute Solutions Program

Commute Solutions strives to help reduce traffic congestion, and thus ozone emissions, through transportation alternatives. It promotes and facilitates carpooling, mass transit, biking, walking, compressed workweeks and telecommuting; and it features a carpool matching and emergency ride home service. The program highlights include meeting with businesses and school administrators to help establish employer-based, commuter-friendly programs. Among Commute Solutions' highest achievements for 2017 was reaching business leaders through presentations at meetings of the Northside, South San Antonio, Seguin, New Braunfels, and Bulverde-Spring Branch Chambers of Commerce; as well as the San Antonio Manufacturers Association Environmental Affairs Committee, San Antonio Traffic Coalition, Greater Bexar County Council of Cities, and the San Antonio Mobility Coalition.

The Commute Solutions program hosted its annual commuter challenge in May, in which a record breaking 20 area employers competed against each other to see which had the highest percentage of employers using transportation alternatives. The 2017 winning organizations were: Southwest Research Institute, the City of Leon Valley, and Linebarger, Goggan, Blair & Sampson. The 2,726 participating individuals recorded an estimated 103,000 trips taken by alternative means that month, and reduced vehicle miles traveled by 1.84 million. Teresa Maillard, a UTSA employee who participated in the challenge by logging her bus commutes during May, commented "I know I am doing a small portion to save our quality of air, but I am also saving on gas expenses. I am not crowding the freeways, I am meeting new friends, I am reading again, and I am supporting the sustainable San Antonio VIA transportation."



In addition to working with employers and schools, program outreach includes social media, news media, and public events. For example, staff made a special effort during 2017 to meet with and encourage television meteorologists to post regular ozone updates and help the public to understand the nature and causes of ground-level ozone, and what individuals may do to help prevent ozone pollution through transportation choices. One of the results of this interaction was a special segment on air quality by KSAT during July.

Lisa Martin (left), representing the City of Leon Valley, with Lily Lowder, Natural Resources Outreach Specialist, at the 2017 Walk & Roll Challenge Award Ceremony



Alamo Area Regional Law Enforcement Academy

For over forty-five years, the Alamo Area Regional Law Enforcement Academy has trained future Texas Peace Officers, Correction Officers, and Emergency Telecommunications personnel. This year, three cadet classes graduated a total of 85 cadets. In addition, the Academy provides dozens of specialized in-service (continuing education) courses for law enforcement personnel. In total, the Academy provided 162,575 hours of training to 8,698 law enforcement personnel from 154 counties throughout Texas this year.



Participants in the Mexico Police Professionalization Exchange Program discuss strategies and challenges with Academy staff and instructors.

In 2017, the Academy continued its innovative police use-of-force training for in-service peace officers. The course incorporated real-world scenarios in both its upgraded video simulator and role player exercises. The Academy also provided two different use-of-force presentations to civilian policy makers working with law enforcement agencies so participants could better comprehend such practices and experience lifelike use-of-force scenarios.

Funded through a grant from the U.S. Department of State, for a US and Mexico Police Professionalization Exchange Program, the Academy partnered with a local non-profit to host three week-long trainings for police

administrators from Mexico and teach courses on *US/Texas Police Structure*, *Use of Force Law, Incorporation of Reality Based Training Scenarios*, and *Basic Crime Scene Investigation Techniques*.

Other notable accomplishments and activities for the Academy in 2017 include:

- Received authorization and approval from the Texas Department of Public Safety to become one of six schools in the State to offer a Breath Test Operator School for peace officer training.
- Established a unique partnership with Joint Base San Antonio and Air Force Security Forces to provide specialized training such as New Supervisor, Firearms Instructor, and Basic Special Weapons and Tactics (SWAT) courses.
- Designated as part of the Career Skills Program through JBSA, allowing military veterans to join the Academy Basic Peace Officer Course as part of their transition out of the military.
- Provided Active Shooter Response Training to Valero Corporation security officers, and Executive Protection and Patrol Rifle Courses to the Federal Reserve Bank.



Below are comments from students of the Academy's various in-service classes:

"I thoroughly enjoyed this class and I feel I learned quite a bit more than I thought I would."

- In-service student from Intermediate Spanish Class #2109.

Great Class. Very energetic presentation. Highly informative and very motivating for the students.

- In-service student from Police Use of Force Training.

"What a terrific class! Thank you."

– In-service student from Recognition & Response to the IDD Community.

Criminal Justice Planning

This program conducts grant workshops, provides information regarding funding opportunities, and offers technical assistance in the grant process, including performing technical reviews for law enforcement and non-profit agencies seeking funding from the Office of the Governor – Criminal Justice Division. In 2017, the program completed over 2,000 hours of technical assistance and provided grant management assistance to more than 85 funded projects. The projects included: victim assistance, violence prevention, juvenile delinquency prevention, law enforcement equipment, and other programs that meet a need in the community.

To close out 2017, the program will sponsor a grant management workshop through Grant Writing USA®, and potentially train up to 70 individuals throughout the AACOG Region that were awarded grants in 2017.

Homeland Security

This program supports the region's first responders, local jurisdictions, and local agencies through coordination efforts, and by ensuring regional cooperation, to maximize preparedness initiatives regarding terrorism related activities. This program aids in the incorporation of these aspects into regional planning initiatives by identifying threats and security weaknesses to ensure they are included in the annual multipurpose planning documents prepared for the region. Some of the regional planning documents include the *Regional Homeland Security Strategic Plan*, the *Alamo Area Threat and Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment Plan*, the *Alamo Area Implementation Plan*, the *Regional Interoperable Communications Plan*, and *Regional Mutual Aid Agreements*.

Public **Safety**

In addition to these efforts, the program works towards increasing efficiencies by assisting jurisdictions in administering federal and state homeland security grant programs that benefit from regional cooperation and to eliminate duplication of services. In 2017, the Homeland Security Program worked with regional partners to better prepare the Alamo Area Region in responding to Complex Coordinated Terrorist Attacks (CCTA). This initiative is not just regional, but nationwide, based upon the types of terror attacks that have occurred in recent history. To date there have been three tabletop exercises, including the initial CCTA Tabletop, a Senior Leadership CCTA Tabletop, and a Public Information Officer CCTA Tabletop exercise.



Complex Coordinated Terrorist Attack Tabletop

Regional 911

This program works on a number of projects and issues. Its primary activity is maintaining and monitoring essential dispatch equipment and software at seven of the rural county 9-1-1 emergency call centers. These counties include Atascosa, Bandera, Frio, Gillespie, Karnes, Kendall, and Wilson Counties. In 2017, the call center system served 74,746 landlines and represents 210,187 residents. Funding for the program is provided through the Commission on State Emergency Communications (CSEC) and is used for the purchase of equipment and supplies for the seven county public safety answering points (PSAPs). This ensures rural communities have a robust and sustainable system to handle 9-1-1 calls and provide quick response services to each community. Coupled with this activity is the program's effort to provide improvements to the Geographic Information Systems (GIS) through- out the region.

As part of the program's efforts, the team is actively working towards implementing a "Next Generation 9-1-1" system. The emergency system will use the latest technology and information to better serve our communities. Enhanced capacity will include text to 9-1-1; short message service (SMS); photos; and video streaming. The new system is expected to be fully implemented in the region and public education materials will be rolled out in 2018.

Regional Services

As the designated Economic Development District (EDD) for the region, AACOG coordinates economic development activities in response to the specific challenges faced by our local economies. In partnership with counties and municipalities, Regional Services program staff works to address issues related to economic and community development, workforce development, business recruitment and retention, entrepreneurship, small business support and strategic planning. The program also offers grant information, resource development and technical assistance.

Annually, Regional Services hosts a series of workshops that includes grant writing, training for Elected Officials, and Planning & Zoning. A new initiative with the Economic Development Administration was the Federal & State Resources workshop. Federal and state partners discussed funding opportunities with region- al partners and provided one-on-one technical assistance. AACOG also hosted the US Census Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) workshop to assist counties and cities with the decennial count of regional residents. In 2017, AACOG made available, at no cost to its members, licensed access to a grants resource database in order to assist local com- munities apply for much needed funding.



Diane Rath addresses Federal & State Resources

Every year, the US Department of Housing and Urban Development provides federal Community Development Block Grant (TxCDBG) funds directly to the Texas Department of Agriculture (TDA). AACOG, in partnership with TDA, provides administrative and technical support to entities in the region.

From 2012 to 2017, TDA has provided \$17.6 million in TxCDBG funds to more than 60 entities in the AACOG region. In 2017, 22 entities in the AACOG region applied for more than \$6 million for a variety of water and sewer projects.

Of significant economic impact to the region is military influence. Joint Base San Antonio (JBSA) has a substantial impact on the local economy in San Antonio and in Texas. In 2016, JBSA contributed almost \$49 billion to the Texas economy. In fact, JBSA contributes 65% of Texas' total military Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and generates an annual disposable personal income of approximately \$17 billion. With one in eight people in Bexar County associated with JBSA, the Alamo Region's military employment accounts for 3.4% of the area's total employment and 64% of Texas' total military population.

Contributions of Joint Base San Antonio to the Texas Economy, 2016

CONTRIBUTION
282,995
\$48,701,573,000
\$28,799,441,000
\$17,081,991,000

Source: REMI Model for Texas

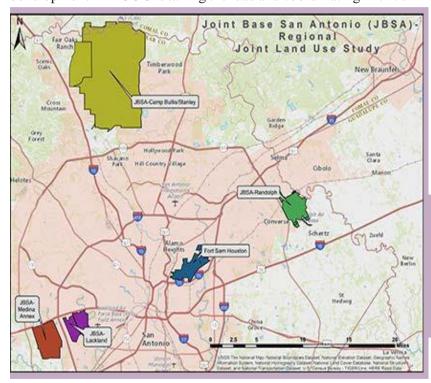
Regional Services

AACOG and the Alamo Region were awarded two national awards in 2017. The first was the region's selection for the 2017 Air Education and Training Command (AETC) Altus Trophy for Community and Military Partnership Excellence. Jointly awarded by AETC and the Altus, Oklahoma Chamber of Commerce, the trophy is awarded to a community that embodies the strongest of commitments to the mission of AETC. The second recognition was by the Association of Defense Communities which recognized our region as a Great American Defense Community. Similarly, the designation also recognizes the region's commitment and unwavering support for our military and veteran community.



Alamo Area receiving recognition as a Great American Defense Community at the National Defense Summit in Washington DC

AACOG was also the recipient of Department of Defense - Office of Economic Adjustment grant funding. This grant affords AACOG the opportunity to discuss, assess, coordinate and track factors that impact land use planning and encroachment around JBSA. Examples of some factors include: procedural improvements, formalizing interagency agreements that ultimately impact safety, noise, lighting, water, and new incompatible development. AACOG is taking the lead and coordinating with community and regional stakeholders, and JBSA



partners to ensure implementation and action on the twenty regional strategies that were developed after three individual Joint Land Use Studies were completed for JBSA-Camp Bullis, JBSA-Lack- land, and JBSA-Randolph; which identified more than 150 recommendations.

The map displays the three installations that are included within the Regional Joint Land Use Study (RJLUS). Each installation had an individual JLUS released at various times (Camp Bullis 2009, Lackland 2011, Randolph 2015).

Resource Recovery

AACOG is the State-designated agency for solid waste management issues in the Alamo Region. Over the years, solid waste management has expanded from burial of waste to recovery of resources. The Resource Recovery Program at AACOG embraces both the historical and new practices in the field. The program reviews permits and registrations for landfills and recycling facilities for consistency with the Regional Solid Waste Management Plan.

Resource Recovery also maintains the Closed Landfill Inventory for the AACOG Region and provides this information to realtors, developers, planners, and communities wanting to check past land uses for parcels. Resource Recovery provides technical assistance on solid waste issues and continuing education opportunities for local governments, solid waste professionals, and the public.

The most challenging and also most rewarding work of the Resource Recovery Program is helping communities to implement projects that protect the environment and rescue resources. In 2017, 16 solid waste projects were completed with Texas Commission Environmental Quality (TCEQ) funds totaling \$320,100. Each project represented local needs. Examples of projects were in the areas of: solid waste management, advanced recycling, removal of Household Hazardous Waste (HHW) from homes, and material that educated residents on better ways to recycle and properly dispose of special wastes. Each example was part of overall efforts to reduce or eliminate illegal dumping. Bandera County expanded the recycling

opportunities for its residents. Medina County initiated a tire and electronics collection program.

Kerr County held a one-day Household Hazardous Waste Collection. The Cities of Seguin and Boerne offered Curbside Household Hazardous Waste Pickup programs for their residents. The Cities of New Braunfels, Kerrville, and San Antonio distributed educational material on proper recycling and avoidance of illegal dumping. New Braunfels produced an activity book specific to the City's Solid Waste Management program for children. Kerrville developed a guidebook for residents on their City's changed recycling program. San Antonio placed billboards throughout the City at locations withillegal dumping problems and distributed to all its households a "Don't Get Caught Dumping on a Vacant Lot" refrigerator magnet with a map of the City's four

Collection Centers for hard to dispose of and/or

recyclable materials.



Activity book used to teach children about recycling in New Braunfels

Collector from "At Your Door" on a pre-scheduled residential Household Hazardous Waste pick-up

Resource Recovery

Evidence shows the Region, aided by grants and combined with local efforts, is achieving results in waste reduction and illegal dumping. The San Antonio River Authority reports diminished illegal dumping at a previous site now equipped with a grant-funded camera and sign. Normal expectations with population growth predict more tonnage going to landfills. Complete data on recycling tonnages is difficult to obtain due to the various ways materials can be reused, repurposed, and recycled. The State of Texas does collect yearly data from all permitted landfills in the State and publishes this information in its annual *Municipal Solid Waste in Texas: A Year in Review*.

Examination of the data for 2014, 2015, and 2016 shows the AACOG Region, which experienced great population growth throughout the region in this time period, sent less tonnage to the Region's landfills each year. Translating tonnages to the more comprehensible measure of pounds per capita per day sent to the landfill gives a better picture of the decreasing amounts buried. In 2014, each person in the AACOG region sent the equivalent of 6.58 lbs. of waste per day to the landfill; in 2015, that amount dropped to 6.49 lbs. per person per day, and in 2016 the amount dropped to 6.23 lbs. per person per day. While there is room for additional improvement, the efforts made by all our local governments in promoting better management of our environment and resources should be recognized. Let's all strive to do even better next year.



City of San Antonio billboards remind passing drivers not to illegally dump waste on vacant lots.

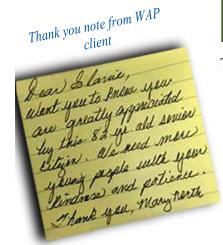
2017 Annual Collection Events For Household Hazardous Waste, Electronics, and Tires



627 Vehicles
21 Tons of HHW
47 Pallets of E-Waste
700 Tires



Weatherization Assistance Program



The Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) reduces energy costs for low-income households by increasing the energy efficiency of their homes, while ensuring their health and safety. Through Weatherization improvements and upgrades, these households save on average \$283 or more every year, according to a National Evaluation by the U.S. Department of Energy.

Professionally trained weatherization crews use computerized energy assessments and advanced diagnostic equipment, such as blower doors, manometers, and infrared cameras, to create a comprehensive analysis of the home to determine the most cost- effective measures appropriate and to identify any health and safety concerns.

Weatherization providers also check indoor air quality, combustion safety, and carbon monoxide, and identify mold infestations. The Weatherization staff then creates a customized work order, and trained crews install the identified energy efficient and health and safety measures. Finally, a certified Quality Control Inspector ensures all work is completed correctly and that the home is safe for the occupants.

Low-income households carry a larger burden for energy costs, typically spending 16.3% of their total annual income versus 3.5% for other households, according to a 2014 Oak Ridge National Laboratory study. Often, they must cut back on healthcare, medicine, groceries, and childcare to pay their energy bills.

Weatherization helps alleviate this heavy energy burden through costeffective building shell improvements such as insulation and air sealing, Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning (HVAC) systems, lighting, and appliances. The program improves health and safety by eliminating any energy-related hazards. Once installed, energy-efficient Weatherization measures continue to save money and energy year after year and increase household incomes so funds can go towards key living expenses



In 2017 the AACOG Weatherization Department invested \$803,116 in the region by assisting 184 program participants. One of the participants was Irma Barron. She was very appreciative of the work done to her home and has become an ambassador for the program. She has been featured on Univision San Antonio, Spectrum News and KSAT 12 along with Weatherization Staff in an effort to promote the program. Making the difference in our client's lives is the reason that the AACOG Weatherization Staff strives each day to do their best.

Awards and Acknowledgements:

The current fiscal year is the first year since 1991 that the Council will apply for the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement of for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current year submission will meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for the certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the accounting department. We wish to thank all departments of the Council for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit is also due to the Executive Director, Chairman, and the Board of Directors for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Council's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

John Clamp, Chief Financial Officer

AACOG Leadership

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS 2017

CHAIR Judge Chris Schuchart Medina County

VICE CHAIR Mayor Chris Fails City of Hollywood Park

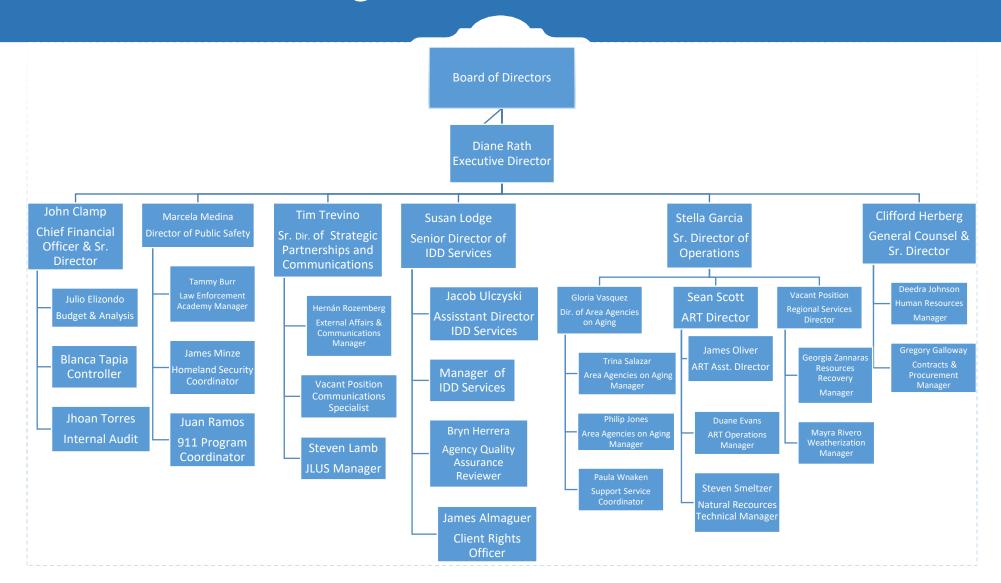
ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Executive Director Diane Rath
Chief Financial Officer John Clamp
Senior Director of Operations Stella Garcia
General Counsel/Senior Director Clifford Herberg
Senior Director of IDD Services &
Agency Coordination Susan Lodge

Senior Director of Strategic

Partnerships & Communications Tim Trevino

AACOG Organizational Chart





FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Alamo Area Council of Governments San Antonio, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alamo Area Council of Governments (the "Council"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alamo Area Council of Governments, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Texas County and District Retirement System and the Schedule of Employer Contributions - Texas County and District Retirement System be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary information on pages 40 - 61, statistical information on pages 62 - 74 and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards on pages 79 - 84, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)* and the State of Texas *Uniform Grant Management Standards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements on pages 40 - 45, indirect cost and employee benefit schedules on pages 46 - 47, and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards on pages 79 - 84 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, indirect cost and employee benefit schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, the Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities Services schedules on pages 48-61, and statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2018, on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Waco, Texas June 26, 2018



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Alamo Area Council of Governments' (the "Council") discussion and analysis offers readers of the Council's financial statements a narrative overview and analysis of the Council's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we have furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ♦ The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Council exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$10,190,502 (net position). This reflects an increase to net position of \$82,493. Of this amount, \$3,199,304 is unrestricted. \$3,158,888 represents the investment in capital assets, and \$3,832,310 is restricted for grant programs.
- ◆ As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Council's governmental funds financial statements reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,999,295. The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund that is available for operations is \$1,851,426.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Council's basic financial statements. The Council's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Council's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Council's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, fluctuations in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Council is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Council's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. earned but unused vacation leave).

Fund Financial Statements – A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Council, like other similar governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Council are classified as *governmental funds*.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements; therefore it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Council's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Council maintains 20 governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for each major fund: the General Fund, the Bexar Area Agency on Aging Fund, the Texas Department of Transportation Fund, the Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities Services Fund, the Alamo Area Agency on Aging Fund and the Office of the Governor Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements in this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Council's assets exceeded liabilities by \$10,190,502 at December 31, 2017. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to prior year.

Alamo Area Council of Government's Statement of Net Position

	Total				
	2017	2016			
Assets:					
Current and other assets	\$ 12,210,311	\$ 11,761,111			
Capital assets	3,158,888	3,857,627			
Total assets	15,369,199	15,618,738			
Deferred outflows of resources	2,927,358	3,399,026			
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities	6,299,459	6,428,214			
Noncurrent liabilities	641,045	1,332,188			
Total liabilities	6,940,504	7,760,402			
Deferred inflows of resources	1,165,551	1,149,353			
Net position:					
Investment in capital assets	3,158,888	3,857,627			
Restricted for grant programs	3,832,310	3,783,220			
Unrestricted	3,199,304	2,467,162			
Total net position	\$10,190,502	\$ 10,108,009			

The balance of *unrestricted net position*, \$3,199,304, may be used to meet the Council's ongoing obligations.

Analysis of the Council's Operations

The following table provides a summary of the Council's operations for the year ended December 31, 2017, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2016. The Council's net position increased by \$82,493.

	Governmental Activities					
	2017	2016				
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 858,285	\$ 685,066				
Operating grants and contributions	46,719,605	39,344,336				
General revenues:						
Investment earnings	6,276	8,160				
Member dues	332,780	330,379				
Gain on sale of capital assets	9,600					
Total revenues	47,926,546	40,367,941				
Expenses:						
General government	130,920	229,932				
Workforce development	426,572	334,846				
Aging	18,732,002	17,093,970				
Emergency communications	1,812,052	1,544,150				
Economic development	4,431,081	853,881				
Environmental quality	992,880	949,942				
Community affairs	2,078,269	1,625,004				
Homeland security	281,861	411,654				
Transportation	5,904,299	5,122,713				
Housing	17,445	30,372				
Criminal justice	1,417,596	1,508,118				
Health and welfare	11,600,496	11,866,163				
Interest	18,580					
Total expenses	47,844,053	41,570,745				
Change in net position	82,493	(1,202,804)				
Net position, beginning	10,108,009	11,310,813				
Net position, ending	\$ 10,190,502	\$ 10,108,009				

The Council's charges for services increased by \$173,219 and operating grants and contributions increased by \$7,375,269 from fiscal year 2016 to 2017. The increase in charges for services was caused by increased program income in the Regional Police Training Academy. The increase in operating grants and contributions was primarily caused by an increase in activity in the Defense Economic Adjustment Assistance Grant. Further, expenses increased by \$6,273,308 from fiscal year 2016 to 2017. The majority of this increase was caused by increased activity in the Defense Economic Adjustment Assistance Grant. The Council's revenues and expenses are driven primarily by federal and state grant funding, which varies from year to year.

Analysis of Fund Financial Statements

General Fund fund balance increased by \$252,595 in 2017, primarily caused by an increase in local revenues and a decrease in general government expenditures. A transfer out of \$222,609 to various grant funds for matching purposes contributed to the change in fund balance.

The Bexar Area Agency on Aging Fund fund balance increased by \$314 in 2017. The activity in this fund is primarily expenditure-driven grant funding, which varies from year to year depending on availability of resources at the state and federal level. A transfer in of \$149,317 was made for matching purposes.

The Texas Department of Transportation Fund fund balance decreased by \$386,221 in 2017. This decrease was caused by program expenditures exceeding grant funding during the year. Revenues in this fund increased by \$282,102, driven primarily by an increase in local revenue, which is comprised of fees charged to users. Transportation expenditures increased by \$550,252, caused by an increase in temporary labor, increased fuel costs, and capital acquisitions.

The Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities Services Fund fund balance increased by \$453,942 in 2017, which was primarily caused by a \$955,200 increase in local revenue and a \$369,677 decrease in health and welfare expenditures. The activity in this fund is driven by grant funding, which varies from year to year depending on availability of resources at the state and federal level.

The Alamo Area Agency on Aging Fund fund balance increased by \$726. Revenues in this fund increased by \$301,292, primarily driven by an increase in matching funds. Aging expenditures increased by \$295,344. The activity in this fund is driven by grant funding, which varies from year to year depending on availability of resources at the state and federal level.

The Office of the Governor Fund fund balance increased by \$26,786. Revenues in this fund increased by \$3,301,400 in 2017, primarily driven by an increase in state grant revenue. Accordingly, economic development expenditures increased by \$3,356,066. The increases in revenue and expenditures in this fund were caused by an increase in the Defense Economic Adjustment Assistance Grant.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Council's annual financial plan is approved by the Board of Directors at the December annual meeting. Although the annual financial plan is reviewed and approved by the Council's Board, it is based on a project-length basis and is not considered a legally adopted annual budget. Accordingly, budgetary information is not presented in this report. As grant funding changes, the Council's Board approves periodic budget modifications.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Council's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2017 amounts to \$3,158,888 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, equipment, furniture and fixtures, software, vehicles, and buildings and improvements.

During 2017, the Council's total capital assets decreased by \$698,739 due to current year depreciation exceeding capital additions. The Council's capital additions totaled \$86,402 during 2017 in the following categories and programs:

- \$73,277 for a bus for the Transportation department.
- \$13,125 for IT equipment.

A summary of the Council's capital assets for the current and prior year can be found below:

Governmental Activities		
2017	2016	
127,000	127,000	
4,093,795	4,090,052	
154,890	154,890	
1,168,059	1,168,059	
5,898,457	5,864,174	
2,290,040	2,290,040	
(10,573,353)	(9,836,588)	
\$3,158,888	\$ 3,857,627	
	2017 127,000 4,093,795 154,890 1,168,059 5,898,457 2,290,040 (10,573,353)	

Outstanding Long-term Liabilities at Year-end

	Governn	nental Activities
	2017	2016
Compensated absences	353,771	352,077
Net pension liability	375,717	1,068,130
Total capital assets, net	\$ 729,488	\$1,420,207

The Council's total long-term liabilities decreased by \$690,719, primarily driven by a decrease in the net pension liability based on the actuarial valuation at December 31, 2016. The compensated absences liability increased by \$1,694 and reflects payout of vacation and holiday leave upon termination. Additional information on the Council's long-term liabilities can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S FINANCIAL PLAN

The Council's approved 2018 annual financial plan reflects \$41,623,000 for revenues and \$41,614,000 for expenditures. The budget reflects a decrease to revenues and expenditures when compared to the 2017 actual results. The 2017 actual revenues are \$47,926,546 and actual expenditures are \$47,348,167 for a decrease of \$6,303,546 and \$5,734,167 respectively.

The Council's combined ending fund balance of \$5,999,295 includes \$3,834,265 of dedicated program fund balance and \$2,165,030 of General Fund fund balance. The Council increased the General Fund fund balance by \$252,595 during fiscal year 2017 and is projecting an increase of \$62,000 for 2018. The Council's special revenue funds fund balance increased by \$325,784 for 2017 and is projected to increase by \$9,000 in 2018. The 2017 net increase to the General Fund fund balance is primarily from the procurement card rebate program and membership dues. The 2017 net increase to the special revenue fund balances is primarily from the Intellectual Developmental Disability Services Program operations and the Veterans Directed program fees. Although the Transportation department reflects a yearly decrease to their fund balance of \$386,221, the Council's combined fund balance increase remained positive.

Dr. Stella Garcia was hired as the Senior Director of Operations that oversees program management and operational performance. Dr. Garcia earned her PhD in Leadership Studies and comes to AACOG with over 28 years of program and contract management experience at the local, state, and higher education level.

The Council contracted with TeleResource to research, identify, and re-negotiate current 9-1-1 land lines and equipment as well as the Council's internet service, fax lines, and the cost of 1-800 program phone lines. This has resulted in approximately \$275,000 in annual savings.

The Council implemented a travel allowance program primarily for the IDD program Service Coordinators. This program was designed to decrease administrative hours for approximately 85 Service Coordinators and administrative staff within the Council. The program was designed to save approximately \$130,000 per year in processing costs, free up to 65 hours of staff time for each coordinator and to increase Medicaid revenues.

The Council purchased and implemented the Dahill Papercut software program to significantly enhance the tracking and allocation of copier usage. The Council renegotiated its leased copiers for an annual savings of \$15,000.

The Council provides health, dental, vision and life insurance benefits to employees. This cost makes up approximately 80% of the fringe benefit costs. Through successful negotiations between our health care benefits consultant (Arthur J. Gallagher and Co.), health insurance providers and the Council's senior management, the Council only experienced a 4.9% percent increase from the 2017 rates. The initial health care renewal rate increased 18% percent from the 2017 rates.

In July of 2015, the Council invested \$2M in Certificate of Deposits (CD) with Schertz Bank & Trust at a rate of .75%. The CDs were renewed in 2016 at a rate of 1.0%, then renewed in 2017 at 1.4%. The CDs have cumulatively earned approximately \$49,000 in interest starting in July of 2015 through December 2017.

As part of the 2017 annual financial plan, the Council contracted with Werling Associates, Inc. to conduct a compensation study on its current pay structure. The Council's previous study was conducted in 2010 by Seeking HR. Council management found no indication that any of the results of the 2010 study had been approved or implemented. The results of the 2017 compensation study established a competitive and equitable base pay for various positions. The board approved Werling Associates recommendation to adjust salaries to the market. The salary adjustments will be phased-in over a multi-year period as determined by the Board of Trustees.

The Council's Natural Resources Department lost \$1.4M in funding from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the 2018-2019 program years. The TCEQ funding is used primarily to support the Air Quality Planning program. In an attempt to continue this very important initiative, staff was able to solicit funding from local industries, Bexar County and the City of San Antonio. These contributions will support the efforts of the ozone monitoring stations through 2019.

The Transportation Department was successful in obtaining a \$1.3M grant from the Texas Department of Transportation. This will fund approximately 16 new buses that will enhance the current fleet and decrease operating costs. These buses will be purchased in early 2018.

Susan Lodge, Senior Director of Intellectual Developmental Disability Services and Agency Coordination, announced her retirement from the Council in 2017. Ms. Lodge retired April 13, 2018, after 20 years of service in various capacities. Her program knowledge, management and dedication will be missed.

The Council will celebrate its 50th anniversary on March 1, 2018. The Gala will honor past board chairs and members and highlight the history of AACOG.

The Council currently resides at 8700 Tesoro Dr., San Antonio, Texas in a multiple floor building leased from Cotter & Sons. The original lease commenced on August 14, 2000, and has been amended seven (7) times to accommodate additional program space and continues through December 31, 2020. Total leased space includes 51,883 square feet. The Council is evaluating a lease renewal or a possible move to a new location. The building owners are currently in bankruptcy court.

INFORMATION REQUESTS

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Council's finances for all those with an interest in the organization. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the office of the Chief Financial Officer, Alamo Area Council of Governments, 8700 Tesoro Drive, Suite 160, San Antonio, Texas 78217.

Basic Financial Statements



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Primary Government		Component Unit		
			Alamo Area		
	G	Development			
		Activities	Co	orporation	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,763,619	\$	54,500	
Receivables:					
Grantors		7,995,723		2,285	
Other		111,461		-	
Deposits		23,904		-	
Prepaid items		315,604		-	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land		127,000		-	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements		1,393,572		-	
Equipment		791,495		-	
Vehicles		728,796		-	
Software		113,700		-	
Furniture and fixtures		4,325		-	
Total assets		15,369,199		56,785	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		2,927,358		-	
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,927,358			
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		3,373,377		49	
Accrued liabilities		384,483		174	
Unearned revenue		2,453,156		4,864	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year		88,443		-	
Due in more than one year		641,045			
Total liabilities		6,940,504		5,087	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		1,165,551			
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,165,551		-	
NET POSITION					
Investment in capital assets		3,158,888		-	
Restricted for grant programs		3,832,310		52,245	
Unrestricted		3,199,304	(547)	
Total net position	\$	10,190,502	\$	51,698	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

						Program Revenues
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		ndirect Cost Allocation	1	xpenses After Allocation of ndirect Costs	Charges for Services
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 130,920	\$	-	\$	130,920	\$ -
Workforce development	399,050		27,522		426,572	-
Aging	18,215,390		516,612		18,732,002	421,338
Emergency communications	1,745,193		66,859		1,812,052	-
Economic development	4,392,379		38,702		4,431,081	-
Environmental quality	909,182		83,698		992,880	-
Community affairs	1,987,736		90,533		2,078,269	-
Homeland security	252,463		29,398		281,861	-
Transportation	5,358,039		546,260		5,904,299	-
Housing	17,445		-		17,445	-
Criminal justice	1,289,794		127,802		1,417,596	436,947
Health and welfare	10,406,347		1,194,149		11,600,496	-
Indirect costs	2,721,535	(2,721,535)		-	-
Interest	 18,580		<u>-</u>		18,580	 <u>-</u>
Total governmental activities	 47,844,053		<u>-</u> _		47,844,053	 858,285
Total primary government	\$ 47,844,053	\$		\$	47,844,053	\$ 858,285
Component unit:						
Alamo Area Development Corporation	\$ 3,063	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	3,063	\$ -
Total component unit	\$ 3,063	\$	-	\$	3,063	\$

General revenues:

Investment earnings

Membership dues

Gain on sale of capital assets

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position, beginning

Net position, ending

Program	Net (Expense) Revenue and	Component				
Revenues	Changes in Net Position	Unit				
Operating	Primary Government	Alamo Area				
Grants and	Governmental	Development				
Contributions	Activities	Corporation				
\$ 165,654	\$ 34,734					
935,222	508,650					
18,303,045	(7,619)					
1,808,323	(3,729)					
4,452,085	21,004					
980,663	(12,217)					
2,082,800	4,531					
298,070	16,209					
4,839,532						
	(17,445)					
753,302	(227,347)					
12,100,909	500,413					
-	-					
	(18,580)					
46,719,605	(266,163)					
,,						
\$ 46.710.605	(266.162)					
\$ 46,719,605	(266,163)					
¢ 5.050		\$ 2,887				
\$ 5,950		\$				
Φ 5.050		2.007				
\$5,950		2,887				
	6,276	-				
	332,780	-				
	9,600					
	348,656					
	82,493	2,887				
	10,108,009	48,811				
	\$10,190,502	\$51,698				

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Special Revenue Funds			
	<u>General</u>	Bexar Area Agency on Aging	Texas Department of Transportation		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,675,999	\$ -	\$ 1,295,056		
Accounts receivable:		1 500 500	1 500 454		
Grantors	-	1,578,577	1,738,454		
Other	111,461	-	47.272		
Due from other funds Deposits	1,552,778 10,000	-	47,373		
•	313,604	734	-		
Prepaid items	313,004				
Total assets	\$ 3,663,842	\$ 1,579,311	\$3,080,883		
LIABILITIES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 704,637	\$ 1,341,734	\$ 194,080		
Accrued liabilities	384,483	-	-		
Due to other funds	-	212,862	-		
Unearned revenue	409,692		22,203		
Total liabilities	1,498,812	1,554,596	216,283		
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	313,604	734	-		
Restricted:					
Grants	-	23,981	2,864,600		
Unassigned	1,851,426				
Total fund balances	2,165,030	24,715	2,864,600		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$3,663,842	\$ <u>1,579,311</u>	\$ 3,080,883		

Special Revenue Funds

			Special Rev	enue Fu	nas				
Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities Services			lamo Area Agency on Aging		Office of the Governor		Other Governmental Funds		Total Fovernmental Funds
\$	512,677	\$	-	\$	-	\$	279,887	\$	3,763,619
	2,304,786		268,486		356,678		1,748,742		7,995,723 111,461
	-		-		-		315,267		1,915,418
	- -		-		13,904 1,266		<u>-</u>		23,904 315,604
\$	2,817,463	\$ <u></u>	268,486	\$	371,848	\$ <u></u>	2,343,896	\$ <u></u>	14,125,729
\$	226,299	\$	217,393	\$	33,970	\$	655,264	\$	3,373,377
	669,543 1,765,210		47,484 -		110,004		875,525 256,048		384,483 1,915,418 2,453,156
_	2,661,052		264,877		143,977	_	1,786,837		8,126,434
	-		-		1,266		-		315,604
	156,411		3,609		226,605		557,104		3,832,310
	<u>-</u> 156,411		3,609		227,871	(45) 557,059		1,851,381 5,999,295
\$	2,817,463	\$	268,486	\$	371,848	\$ <u></u>	2,343,896	\$	14,125,729



RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$	5,999,295
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		3,158,888
Deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability are not reported as a part of the governmental funds. Deferred outflows		2,927,358
Deferred inflows	(1,165,551)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Compensated absences	(353,771)
Net pension liability	(375,717)
Net position of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$	10,190,502

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Special Revenue Funds			
	General	Bexar Area Agency on Aging	Texas Department of Transportation		
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 7,358,636	\$ 2,804,166		
Matching funds	5 -	6,341,108	\$ 2,004,100		
Local	215,050	400	1,348,704		
Program income	-	126,114	109,260		
Membership dues	332,780	-	-		
Investment income	6,000	-	14,842		
Total revenues	553,830	13,826,258	4,276,972		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	76,643	-	-		
Aging	-	13,975,261	-		
Health and welfare	-	-	-		
Transportation	-	=	4,663,193		
Workforce development	-	-	-		
Environmental quality	-	-	-		
Community affairs	-	=	-		
Criminal justice	-	-	-		
Emergency communications Homeland security	-	-	-		
Economic development	-	-	-		
Debt service:	-	-	-		
	1.092				
Interest	1,983				
Total expenditures	<u>78,626</u>	13,975,261	4,663,193		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	475,204	(149,003)	(386,221)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	149,317	-		
Transfers out	(222,609)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(222,609)	149,317			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	252,595	314	(386,221)		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1,912,435	24,401	3,250,821		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$2,165,030	\$ 24,715	\$2,864,600		

Special Revenue Funds

D	tellectual and evelopmental Disabilities Services		lamo Area Agency on Aging	Office of e Governor	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental
\$	5,530,608	\$	2,613,290	\$ 4,803,983	\$	6,966,328	\$	30,077,011
	-		1,841,292	-		-		8,182,400
	6,566,091		1,250	22,678		296,540		8,450,713
	1,166		185,964	436,968		-		859,472
	-		-	-		-		332,780
	3,044		-	-		284		24,170
	12,100,909	_	4,641,796	 5,263,629		7,263,152		47,926,546
	-		-	-		-		76,643
	-		4,700,411	-		136,694		18,812,366
	11,646,967		-	-		-		11,646,967
	-		-	-		975,006		5,638,199
	-		-	486		425,844		426,330
	-		-	-		986,047		986,047
	-		-	-		2,087,229		2,087,229
	-		-	1,097,282		27,801		1,125,083
	-		-	-		1,814,118		1,814,118
	-		-	-		266,337		266,337
	-		-	4,124,092		326,095		4,450,187
				 16,678				18,661
	11,646,967		4,700,411	 5,238,538		7,045,171		47,348,167
	453,942	(58,615)	 25,091		217,981		578,379
	-		59,341	1,695		15,427		225,780
	-		-	-	(3,171)	(225,780)
	<u>-</u>		59,341	1,695		12,256		<u> </u>
	453,942		726	26,786		230,237		578,379
(297,531)		2,883	 201,085		326,822		5,420,916
\$	156,411	\$	3,609	\$ 227,871	\$	557,059	\$	5,999,295



RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	578,379
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:		
Capital outlay		86,402
Depreciation expense	(775,759)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Net pension liability	(1,694) 204,547
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	82,493



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Alamo Area Council of Governments (the Council) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following represents the significant accounting policies and practices used by the Council.

Reporting Entity

The Council is a political subdivision of the State of Texas and a voluntary association of local governments within a 13 county region. The Council was established in 1967 to study and resolve area-wide problems through the cooperation and coordinated action of member cities, counties, school districts and special purpose districts of the region.

Membership in the Council is voluntary. Any county, city, school district or special purpose district within the region may become a member in the independent association by passing a resolution to join the Council and paying annual dues. The Council is governed by a 32 member Board of Directors from member local governments. Each member government is entitled to have voting representation on the Board of Directors.

The accompanying financial statements present the Council and its component units, entities for which the Council is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Council. The following organization has been included within the Council's reporting entity.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

During 1995, the Council formed a nonprofit organization, Alamo Area Development Corporation (AADC). AADC is governed by a board of seven that must reside within the jurisdictional boundaries of the following counties: Atascosa, Bandera, Bexar, Comal, Frio, Gillespie, Guadalupe, Karnes, Kendall, Kerr, Medina, McMullen and Wilson. AADC is reported as a component unit because the Council appoints its governing body and can remove its members at will. The Council also guarantees AADC's debt obligations. There was no debt outstanding as of December 31, 2017. Separately issued financial statements of AADC can be obtained by contacting the Council's accounting department at 8700 Tesoro Drive, Suite 160, San Antonio, Texas 78217.

Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported primarily by intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from its legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. The Council does not utilize any proprietary funds or fiduciary funds.

As discussed earlier, the Council has one discretely presented component unit. AADC is shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Council's funds. The Council only utilizes governmental funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The Council reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Council's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Bexar Area Agency on Aging Fund* is used to account for certain grants awarded by the Texas Health and Human Services Commission.

The *Texas Department of Transportation Fund* is used to account for grants awarded by the Texas Department of Transportation.

The *Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities Services Fund* is used to account for state and federal funds awarded by the Texas Health and Human Services Commission. This fund accounts for the provision of community services and support for eligible adults and children with intellectual and developmental disabilities and their families in Bexar County.

The *Alamo Area Agency on Aging Fund* is used to account for certain grants awarded by the Texas Health and Human Services Commission.

The *Office of the Governor Fund* is used to account for grants awarded by the Office of the Governor.

During the course of operations the Council has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Council considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Council.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Investments

Cash in the Council's financial statements includes cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments. Investments for the Council are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices).

Accounts Receivable - Grantors

This represents amounts due from federal and state grantor agencies for the various programs administered by the Council. The receivables include amounts due on programs closed-out and those in progress as of December 31, 2017.

Accounts Receivable - Other

Other receivables represent amounts due for Medicaid and other miscellaneous receivables.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for specified purposes. These receivables and payables are, for the most part, eliminated from the government-wide Statement of Net Position and are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements. There are also transactions between the primary government and the discretely presented component unit; these are classified as due from component unit and due to primary government.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are included in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Council as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or greater and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life is not capitalized. Land is not depreciated. The other capital asset classes are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital asset classes	Useful life (years)				
Equipment	3				
Furniture and fixtures	7 - 10				
Software	5				
Vehicles	5 - 10				
Buildings and improvements	3.5 - 25				

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Council has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Pension contributions after measurement date These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.
- Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five-year period.
- Changes in economic and demographic assumptions or other inputs included in determining the pension liability these effects on the total pension liability are deferred and amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows or resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Council has only one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The difference in expected and actual pension experience is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue primarily consists of amounts received from grantors in excess of qualifying expenditures for programs in progress as of December 31, 2017.

Compensated Absences

All full-time employees are eligible to accrue Paid Time Off (PTO). Part-time and temporary employees do not earn PTO. Earned but unused PTO can be carried over to the next fiscal year. Employees may accumulate a maximum of 240 hours. Any PTO balance in excess of the maximum is reduced to the maximum without compensation. Pay in lieu of PTO is not permitted other than upon separation. Regular full-time employees earn PTO based on actual hours worked as follows:

1-2 years	10 days
2-5 years	15 days
5-7 years	20 days
7-10 years	22 days
10+ years	25 days

The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are reported when they are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Council will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Council's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Council will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Council's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Council itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Council's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Directors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Council that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Council for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Directors has by resolution authorized the Chief Financial Officer to assign fund balance. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Intergovernmental Revenues

Grant revenue is recognized when program expenditures are incurred in accordance with program guidelines. Such revenue is subject to review by the funding agency and may result in disallowance in subsequent periods.

Deferred inflows of resources will arise when potential revenue does not meet the "available" criteria for revenue recognition in the current period. Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the Council before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant money is received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the Council has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for the unearned revenue or the deferred inflow of resources is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Matching Funds

Contributions to grant programs from local governments and other participants are recognized as revenue when grant expenditures are incurred in the case of cost reimbursement grants, and when courses are completed in the case of Regional Police Academy tuition.

Member Government Dues

All member governments are required to pay dues to the Council. Dues are determined annually and are recognized as revenues when assessed because they are measurable and are collectible within the current period. Dues are reported in the General Fund and funds are transferred to Special Revenue Funds as needed to meet matching requirements for grants.

Indirect Costs and Fringe Benefit and Leave Pool Allocations

General administrative and employee fringe benefits costs are recorded in cost pools. The costs are recovered from Special Revenue Funds based on indirect and fringe benefit rates. Indirect costs are defined by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)* as costs "(a) incurred for a common or joint purpose benefiting more than one cost objective, and (b) not readily assignable to the cost objectives specifically benefited without effort disproportionate to the results achieved." The Council uses a fixed-rate plus carry-forward provision. The rates are based on projected costs in a Cost Allocation Plan. The rates are used for billing purposes. Final costs not recovered by the billing rates are allowed by granting agencies to be recovered in succeeding years.

In the statement of activities, indirect expenses are allocated amongst functions using the methods described above. Indirect and direct expenses are presented as separate columns to enhance comparability to governments that do not allocate indirect expenses to other functions.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The Council's financial plan is controlled at the fund and grant level with management authorized to make transfers of budgeted amounts between object class levels within a fund or grant, within restrictions imposed by grantor agencies. The Board approves the financial plan for revenue and expenditures in all funds. The financial plan is made on a project (grant) basis, spanning more than one year. Appropriations for all projects lapse at the end of a contract period which may not coincide with the fiscal year-end of the Council. Accordingly, comparative budget and actual results are not presented in this report.

Deficit Fund Balance

The Metropolitan Planning Organization Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$45 as of December 31, 2017. If funding from outside sources does not become available to cover the deficit fund balance, the Council plans to transfer funds to cover the deficit.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Council's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government securities or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. As of December 31, 2017, the Council's deposit value was fully collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions.

At December 31, 2017, the Council did not have any financial instruments that would be classified as an investment. Cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2017, consist of the following which are reported in assets in the accompanying financial statements:

Demand deposits	\$ 1,107,466
Money market accounts	607,344
Short-term certificates of deposit	 2,048,809
Total	\$ 3,763,619

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) (the Act) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the Council to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the Council to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings account, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the Council to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices by the Act. The Council is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the Council manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the Council's participation in investment pools to those with investment portfolios showing a dollar-weighted average stated maturity of 90 days or fewer.

Credit Risk. Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. It is the Council's policy to limit its investments in obligations of other states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm to not less than "A" or its equivalent. Further, for an investment pool to be eligible for consideration, the Council's investment policy requires an investment pool to be continuously rated no lower than AAA or AAA-or at an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Council's investment policy states that investments shall be diversified to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of investments in a specific maturity, a specific issue, or a specific class of securities.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

		Balance						Balance
	D	ecember 31,	31,				December 31,	
		2016	A	dditions	Deletions		2017	
Governmental activities								
Capital assets,								
not being depreciated								
Land	\$	127,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	127,000
Capital assets,								
being depreciated								
Equipment		4,090,052		3,743		-		4,093,795
Furniture and fixtures		154,890		-		-		154,890
Software		1,168,059		-		-		1,168,059
Vehicles		5,864,174		73,277	(38,994)		5,898,457
Buildings and improvement		2,290,040				-		2,290,040
	_	13,567,215	_	77,020	(38,994)	_	13,605,241
Less accumulated depreciation								
Equipment	(3,102,642)	(199,658)		_	(3,302,300)
Furniture and fixtures	(149,484)	(1,081)		_	(150,565)
Software	(989,472)	(64,887)		-	(1,054,359)
Vehicles	(4,867,332)	(341,323)		38,994	(5,169,661)
Buildings and improvement	(727,658)	(168,810)			(896,468)
Total accumulated deprecation	(9,836,588)	(775,759)		38,994	(10,573,353)
Total capital assets								
being depreciated, net	_	3,730,627	(698,739)			_	3,031,888
Governmental activities								
capital assets, net	\$	3,857,627	\$ <u>(</u>	698,739)	\$		\$	3,158,888

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Council as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 58,017
Workforce development	2,073
Emergency communications	5,722
Homeland security	16,667
Environmental quality	11,067
Transportation	363,983
Housing	17,445
Criminal justice	297,343
Health & Welfare	 3,442
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 775,759

5. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The Council pools cash in one bank account, which is accounted for in the General Fund. All expenditures are paid out of this cash account, and appropriate interfund balances are recorded to reflect this activity.

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2017, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Bexar Area Agency on Aging Fund	\$	212,862
General Fund	IDDS Fund	·	669,543
General Fund	Alamo Area Agency on Aging Fund		47,484
General Fund	Office of the Governor Fund		110,004
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental fund		512,885
Texas Department of Transportation Fund	Nonmajor governmental fund		47,373
Nonmajor governmental fund	Nonmajor governmental fund		315,267
		\$	1,915,418

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Internal transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the fund reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are recorded as transfers.

The following is a summary of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2017:

Trans fer In	Transfer Out	Amount		
Bexar Area Agency on Aging Fund	General Fund	\$	149,317	
Texas Department of Transportation F		1,307		
Alamo Area Agency on Aging Fund	General Fund		59,341	
Office of the Governor Fund	Nonmajor governmental fund		1,695	
Nonmajor governmental fund	General Fund		14,120	
	Total	\$	225,780	

Amounts transferred between funds relate to matching requirements for grants.

6. UNAVAILABLE AND UNEARNED REVENUE

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, there were no deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds related to unavailable revenues. Governmental funds also report unearned revenues in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. For the Council, these balances typically consist of grant funding received in advance of eligible grant expenditures.

7. SHORT-TERM DEBT

On July 8, 2017, the Council issued a short-term promissory note in the amount of \$2,000,000. The note was issued with an interest rate of 3.4%. The note was issued by the Council to finance ongoing projects in relation to the Defense Economic Adjustment Assistance Grant program.

On September 1, 2017, the Council issued a commercial security agreement in the amount of \$400,000. The agreement was issued with an interest rate of 5.00% with a maturity date of October 31, 2017. The agreement was issued by the Council to be used, as needed, to fund operations.

The schedule below summarizes the Council's short-term debt obligations during the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Original ssue Year	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance	Issues			Redemptions		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities									
Commercial Security Agreement, 20	2017	5.0%	\$ -	\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$	-
Promissory Note, 2017	2017	3.4%	 -	_	2,000,000	_	2,000,000	_	
Governmental activities									
short-term liabilities			\$ -	\$	2,400,000	\$	2,400,000	\$	

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Additions Reductions		Ending Reductions Balance		Due Within		
Governmental activities:								
Compensated absences	\$ 352,077	\$	449,194	\$	447,500	\$ 353,771	\$	88,443
Net pension liability	 1,068,130		303,105		995,518	 375,717		-
	\$ 1,420,207	\$	752,299	\$	1,443,018	\$ 729,488	\$	88,443

Typically, all governmental funds assist in liquidating compensated absences and the net pension liability based on corresponding personnel costs.

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Risk Management

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council maintains workers' compensation and other risks of loss coverage through commercial insurance carriers. The Council's management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured loss to the Council. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from covered in the prior year. There were no insurance settlements that exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Contingencies

The Council contracts with local agencies to perform the specific services set forth in certain grant agreements. The Council disburses grant funds to the agencies based on expenditure reports received from each agency.

Agencies expending \$750,000 or more in Council federal or state grant funds are required to have an independent audit each year. Copies of such audits are required to be submitted to the Council. If such audits disclose expenditures not in accordance with terms of the grants, the grantor agency could disallow the costs and require reimbursements of the disallowed costs either from the Council or the subcontractor. The Council generally has the right of recovery from the subcontracted agencies.

Litigation

The Council is periodically involved in legal proceedings arising from the ordinary course of business. As of December 31, 2017, none of these proceedings have been determined to result in probable loss to the Council. Accordingly, no related loss contingencies have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

Operating Lease

The Council leases office space in San Antonio, Texas, under an agreement classified as an operating lease. Rent expenditures totaled \$884,253 for the year ended December 31, 2017. Future minimum lease payments under this agreement are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2018	\$ 924,555
2019	872,715
2020	 952,053
Total	\$ 2,749,323

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Council participates in a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tcdrs.org.

All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.

Benefits Provided

TCDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS Act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with 10 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 80 or more. Members are vested after ten years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2016, valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	73
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	366
Active employees	280
	719

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each entity is determined annually by the actuary and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The replacement life entry age actuarial cost method is used in determining the contribution rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to fund benefits in an orderly manner for each participate over his or her career so that sufficient funds are accumulated by the time benefit payments begin, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the Council were required to contribute 6% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rate for the Council was 8% in calendar year 2017. The Council's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended December 31, 2017, were \$1,009,731, which equaled the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The Council's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 3.0% per year
Overall payroll growth 2.0% per year

Investment rate of return 8.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The Council has no automatic cost-of-living adjustments ("COLA") and one is not considered to be substantively automatic. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the actuarial valuation. Each year, the Council may elect an ad-hoc COLA for its retirees.

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members

The RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for males with a two-year set-forward and the RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for females with a four-year setback, both projected to 2014 with scale AA and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014

Ultimate scale after that.

Service retirees, beneficiaries The and non-depositing members sc

The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2014 with scale AA and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after that, with a one-year set-forward for males and no age

Disabled retirees RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2014 with scale

AA and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after that, with no age adjustment for males and a two-year set-

forward for females.

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2016, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2012, except for mortality assumptions. Mortality assumptions were updated for the 2016 valuation to reflect projected improvements.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.0%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS is determined by adding inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information below are based on January 2017 information for a 7 to 10 year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2013. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

		_	Geometric Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation (1)	(Expected minus Inflation) (2)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	13.50%	4.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index (3)	16.00%	7.70%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	1.50%	5.00%
International Equities - Developed Man	rk MSCI World Ex USA (net)	10.00%	4.70%
International Equities - Emerging Mark	ke MSCI EM Standard (net) Index	7.00%	5.70%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	0.60%
High-Yield Bonds	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	3.70%
Opportunistic Credit	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	2.00%	3.83%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	10.00%	8.15%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index (4)	3.00%	6.70%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index	2.00%	3.85%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	5.60%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (5)	6.00%	7.20%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	20.00%	3.85%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2017 TCDRS Board meeting.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 8.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.0%, per Cliffwater's 2017

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Liability (a)			nn Fiduciary let Position (b)	N	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balance at 12/31/2015	\$	25,010,343	\$	23,942,214	\$	1,068,129	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		1,573,957		-		1,573,957	
Interest on total pension liability (1)		2,045,000		-		2,045,000	
Effect of plan changes (2)		-		-		-	
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(620,447)		-	(620,447)	
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-		-	
Refund of contributions	(250,729)	(250,729)		-	
Benefit payments	(840,702)	(840,702)		-	
Administrative expenses		-	(19,341)		19,341	
Member contributions		-		745,343	(745,343)	
Net investment income		-		1,779,491	(1,779,491)	
Employer contributions		-		993,791	(993,791)	
Other (3)				191,638	(191,638)	
Balance at 12/31/2016	\$	26,917,422	\$	26,541,705	\$	375,717	

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the Council, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1%, as well as what the Council's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.1%) or 1-percentage-higher (9.1%) than the current rate:

	Current								
	19	1% Decrease Discount Rate			19	% Increase			
		7.1%		8.1%	9.1%				
Total pension liability	\$	30,387,238	\$	26,917,422	\$	24,061,915			
Fiduciary net position		26,541,704		26,541,705		26,541,704			
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	3,845,534	\$	375,717	\$ <u>(</u>	2,479,789)			

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. The report may be obtained on the internet at <u>www.tcdrs.org</u>.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the Council recognized pension expense of \$803,458.

At December 31, 2017, the Council reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred		
		Inflows	Outflows		
	of	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	1,165,551	\$	-	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-		164,879	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		1,752,748	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date				1,009,731	
Total	\$	1,165,551	\$	2,927,358	

\$1,009,731 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulted from contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31,	
2018	\$ 74,025
2019	272,083
2020	367,490
2021	38,478

Required Supplementary Information



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

PLAN YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31ST

	2016			2015	2014		
Total Pension Liability		_		_	<u>-</u>		
Service Cost Interest total pension liability	\$	1,573,957 2,045,000	\$	1,383,125 1,931,965	\$	1,428,588 1,813,929	
Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic		-	(236,658) 329,757		-	
(gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds	(620,447)	(1,004,313)	(792,235)	
of contributions	(1,091,432)	(1,022,508)	(1,010,526)	
Net change in total pension liability		1,907,078		1,381,368		1,439,756	
Total pension liability - beginning		25,010,345		23,628,977		22,189,221	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	26,917,423	\$	25,010,345	\$	23,628,977	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of	\$	993,791 745,343	\$	1,176,341 732,256	\$	999,897 730,043	
investment income net of investment expenses Benefit payments refunds of		1,779,491	(463,983)		1,410,886	
contributions	(1,091,431)	(1,022,508)	(1,010,526)	
Administrative expenses Other		19,341) 191,638		17,140) 37,139		17,336) 12,720	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,599,491		442,105		2,125,684	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		23,942,215		23,500,110		21,374,426	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	26,541,706	\$	23,942,215	\$	23,500,110	
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	375,717	\$	1,068,130	\$	128,867	
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		98.6%		95.7%		99.5%	
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	12,431,363	\$	12,204,268	\$	11,561,208	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		3.0%		8.8%		1.1%	

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires 10 years of data to be provided in this schedule. As of December 31, 2017, only 3 years are available. Additional years will be added in the future as the information becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended December 31	D	ctuarially etermined ontribution	Actual Employer Contributio			Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll (1)	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2008	\$	672,226	\$	697,226	\$(25,000)	\$ 8,413,347	8.3%
2009		720,071		720,071		-	8,933,889	8.1%
2010		929,042		1,004,042	(75,000)	10,981,582	9.1%
2011		984,997		1,034,997	(50,000)	11,698,302	8.8%
2012		940,304		990,304	(50,000)	11,709,893	8.5%
2013		946,392		1,111,392	(165,000)	11,712,772	9.5%
2014		919,116		999,897	(80,781)	11,561,208	8.6%
2015		892,132		1,176,341	(284,209)	12,204,268	9.6%
2016		804,309		993,791	(189,482)	12,431,363	8.0%
2017		798,950		1,009,731	(210,781)	12,621,638	8.0%

⁽¹⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31,

two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are

reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 0.7 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2016 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 8.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement AgeMembers who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence

receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement

for recent retirees is 61.

Turnover New employees are assumed to replace any terminated members and have

similar entry ages.

Mortality In the 2015 actuarial valuation, assumed life expectancies were adjusted as a

result of adopting a new projection scale (110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate Scale) for 2014 and later. Previously Scale AA had been used. The base table

is the RP-2000 table projected with Scale AA to 2014.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected

in the Schedule*

2015: Employer contributions reflect that the current service matching rate was

increased to 125%.

2016: No changes in plan provisions

^{*}Only changes effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to the Schedule of Employer Contributions.



Supplementary Information



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for particular purposes.

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality – This fund is used to account for grants awarded by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

VIA Metropolitan Transit – This fund is used to account for grants awarded by the VIA Metropolitan Transit.

Texas Veterans Commission – This fund is used to account for grants awarded by the Texas Veterans Commission.

Economic Development Administration – This fund is used to account for grants awarded by the Economic Development Administration.

Metropolitan Planning Organization – This fund is used to account for grants awarded by the Metropolitan Planning Organization.

Texas Department of Agriculture – This fund is used to account for grants awarded by the Texas Department of Agriculture.

U.S. Department of Homeland Security – This fund is used to account for grants awarded by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security.

Capital Area Council of Governments – This fund is used to account for grants award by the Capital Area Council of Governments.

State Energy Conservation Office – This fund is used to account for grants awarded by the State Energy Conservation Office.

Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs – This fund is used to account for grants awarded by the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs.

Commission on State Emergency Communications – This fund is used to account for grants awarded by the Commission on State Emergency Communications.

City of San Antonio – This fund is used to account for grants awarded by the City of San Antonio.

Local Projects – This fund is used to account for projects funded by local donations.

Department of Defense – This fund is used to account for grants awarded by the Department of Defense.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds										
		Texas									
	Cor	nmission on		VIA		Texas	E	conomic			
	En	vironmental	Mo	etropolitan	•	Veterans	Development				
		Quality		Transit	Co	ommission	Adn	ninistration			
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	135,498	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Accounts receivable:											
Grantors		39,446		472,993		474,396		29,126			
Due from other funds		13,827				43,220		-			
Total assets	\$	188,771	\$	472,993	\$	517,616	\$	29,126			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	2,703	\$	95,563	\$	295,209	\$	796			
Due to other funds		-		377,351		-		21,548			
Unearned revenue		185,613		79		47,968					
Total liabilities		188,316		472,993		343,177		22,344			
Fund balance:											
Restricted:											
Grants		455		-		174,439		6,782			
Unassigned								-			
Total fund balance		455		<u>-</u>		174,439		6,782			
Total liabilities											
and fund balance	\$	188,771	\$	472,993	\$	517,616	\$	29,126			

Special Revenue Funds

F	etropolitan Planning ganization	De	Texas partment of riculture	of I	U. S. epartment Homeland Security	C	pital Area ouncil of vernments	Con	e Energy servation Office	Texas Department Of Housing and Community Affairs		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40,905	
	57,339		3,922		48,826		20,630		-		327,242	
\$	57,339	\$	3,922	\$	48,826	\$	20,630	\$	-	\$	368,147	
\$	57,384	\$	377 3,545	\$	1,142 17,277	\$	- - 1,802	\$	- -	\$	187,311 178,620	
	57,384		3,922		18,419		1,802		-		365,931	
(- 45)		-		30,407		18,828		-		2,216	
(45)				30,407		18,828		-		2,216	
\$	57,339	\$	3,922	\$	48,826	\$	20,630	\$		\$	368,147	



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Special Revenue Funds								
	State	nmission on Emergency munications	City of San Antonio			Local Projects		Department of Defense		Totals
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable:	\$	103,484	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	279,887
Grantors		93,949		-		113,947		87,556		1,748,742
Due from other funds		_		62		237,528				315,267
Total assets	\$	197,433	\$	62	\$	351,475	\$	87,556	\$	2,343,896
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN	ICE									
Liabilities:				_		. =00		o .=		
Accounts payable	\$	61,421	\$	6	\$	9,789	\$	947	\$	655,264
Due to other funds		133,191		-		17.700		86,609		875,525
Unearned revenue		2,821		56		17,709			_	256,048
Total liabilities		197,433		62		27,498		87,556		1,786,837
Fund balance:										
Restricted:										
Grants		-		-		323,977		-		557,104
Unassigned		-		-		-		-	(45)
Total fund balance				-	_	323,977		-	_	557,059
Total liabilities										
and fund balance	\$	197,433	\$	62	\$	351,475	\$	87,556	\$	2,343,896

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds											
		Texas nmission on vironmental Quality		VIA Metropolitan Transit		Texas Veterans Commission	Economic Development Administration					
REVENUES	_	000 ((2	_				_					
Intergovernmental	\$	980,663	\$	468,056	\$	935,222	\$	83,373				
Local		1.50		-		-		-				
Investment income	-	150	_			-	_	-				
Total revenues		980,813	_	468,056		935,222		83,373				
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Workforce development		-		-		425,844		-				
Aging		-		-		-		-				
Emergency communications		-		-		-		-				
Economic development		-		-		-		98,412				
Environmental quality		986,047		-		-		-				
Community affairs		-		-		-		-				
Homeland security		-		-		-		-				
Transportation		-		468,056		388,082		-				
Criminal justice		-	_									
Total expenditures		986,047	_	468,056		813,926		98,412				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES												
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(5,234)	_			121,296	(15,039)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES												
Transfers in		-		-		-		14,120				
Transfers out			_		(1,307)	_					
Total other financing sources and uses			-	-	(1,307)		14,120				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(5,234)		-		119,989	(919)				
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		5,689	_			54,450	_	7,701				
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	455	\$_		\$	174,439	\$	6,782				

Special Revenue Funds

	Metropolitan Planning Organization	Texas Department of Agriculture	U. S. Department of Homeland Security		Capital Area Council of Governments			nte Energy nservation Office	Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs			
\$	118,868	\$ 13,013	\$	298,070	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,986,889		
	-	-		- -		30,585		-		11,897 39		
_	118,868	 13,013		298,070		30,585				1,998,825		
		 - 7										
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	-	13,013		-		12,757		-		2,021,240		
	-	15,015		266,337		12,737		-		2,021,240		
	118,868	-		-		-		_		-		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	118,868	13,013		266,337		12,757		-		2,021,240		
		 		31,733		17,828			(22,415)		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
_				-		-	(1,864)		_		
		 -					(1,864)				
	-	-		31,733		17,828	(1,864)	(22,415)		
(45)	 	(1,326)		1,000		1,864		24,631		
\$ <u>(</u>	45)	\$ -	\$	30,407	\$	18,828	\$		\$	2,216		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Special Revenue Funds

	Commission on State Emergency Communications		S	City of an Antonio	Local Projects		Department of Defense			Totals
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental	\$	1,814,023	\$	-	\$	40,230	\$	227,921	\$	6,966,328
Local		-		-		254,058		-		296,540
Investment income		95	_		_				_	284
Total revenues	_	1,814,118	_	-	_	294,288	_	227,921	_	7,263,152
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Workforce development		-		-		-		-		425,844
Aging		-		-		136,694		-		136,694
Emergency communications		1,814,118		-		-		-		1,814,118
Economic development		-		-		-		227,683		326,095
Environmental quality		-		-		-		-		986,047
Community affairs		-		-		40,219		-		2,087,229
Homeland security		-		-		-		-		266,337
Transportation		-		-		-		-		975,006
Criminal justice			_	-	_	27,801			_	27,801
Total expenditures		1,814,118	_		_	204,714		227,683		7,045,171
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			_		_	89,574		238	_	217,981
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		_		1,307		_		15,427
Transfers out		-		_		-		_	(3,171)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	_	-	_	1,307	_	-	_	12,256
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		90,881		238		230,237
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING			_		_	233,096	(238)		326,822
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	323,977	\$	-	\$	557,059

Other Supplementary Information

Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities Services Schedules (Unaudited)

This section of the comprehensive annual financial report contains other supplementary schedules required of Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities (IDD) authorities in the State of Texas. IDD authorities report to granting agencies on a 12-month grant period that ends on August 31st. Accordingly, these schedules have been prepared in a manner that facilitates reconciliation to a 12-month period ending August 31st.



SCHEDULE OF INDIRECT COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Personnel services	\$	1,574,317
Employee benefits		481,599
Other contract services		743,037
Rent		895,344
Equipment rental		179,763
Communications		156,583
Equipment		104,241
Depreciation		82,193
Repairs and maintenance		50,544
Meetings		39,699
Professional dues		37,659
Postage		27,593
Supplies		23,922
Travel		21,337
Insurance and bonding		21,503
Printing and reproduction		14,029
Employee recruitment		7,285
Training in region		5,134
Public notices		2,896
Publications		1,217
Tuition staff		6,085
Fuel/oil		1,500
Auto operating		92
Total indirect costs		4,477,572
Less: administration cost received	(1,813,870)
NET INDIRECT COSTS		2,663,702
ACTUAL INDIRECT COSTS RECOVERED	(2,799,192)
UNDER-RECOVERY OF INDIRECT COSTS CARRIED FORWARD FROM PRIOR YEAR		42,155
ACCUMULATED COST OVER-RECOVERY	\$ <u>(</u>	93,335)

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (FRINGE AND RELEASE TIME)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Benefits:		
FICA	\$	943,652
Health insurance		1,606,015
Retirement		1,116,419
Release time		1,223,901
Other insurance		99,521
Workers' compensation		82,353
Total employee benefits		5,071,861
ACTUAL EMPLOYEE BENEFITS RECOVERED	(5,113,004)
OVER-RECOVERY OF EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
CARRIED FORWARD FROM PRIOR YEAR	(167,787)
ACCUMULATED COST OVER-RECOVERY	\$ <u>(</u>	208,930)

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL EXPENDITURES TO FOURTH QUARTER FINANCIAL REPORT

		CARE * Report III		Additions**	Е	eletions***	 Audited Financial Statements 12/31/17
EXPENDITURES							
Salaries	\$	5,362,004	\$	7,767,367	\$	1,889,762	\$ 11,239,609
Employee benefits		1,614,790		2,325,090		549,483	3,390,397
Professional consulting services		502,447		25,163,109		8,906	25,656,650
Training/travel		154,416		126,334		11,234	269,516
Debt service		-		18,661		_	18,661
Capital outlay		-		183,402		_	183,402
Non-capital equipment		11,412		77,511		1,998	86,925
Other operating expenditures	_	3,884,632	_	3,989,869	_	1,371,494	 6,503,007
Total expenditures	\$ <u></u>	11,529,701	\$	39,651,343	\$ <u></u>	3,832,877	\$ 47,348,167

^{*} CARE Report III for Fiscal Year Ending 8/31/17

^{**} Other Agency Programs and September - December 2017 IDD Expenditures

^{***} September - December 2016 IDD Expenditures

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL REVENUE TO FOURTH QUARTER FINANCIAL REPORT

		CARE *					Audited Financial Statements
		Report III		Additions**	Deletions***		12/31/17
1 0 G 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
LOCAL AND EARNED REVENUES:	Φ	5 1 40 222	Φ	2 2 4 0 0 0 5	ф. 1.004.0cc	ф	c 102.2c2
Medicaid	\$	5,148,232	\$	3,249,995	\$ 1,994,966	\$	6,403,262
Membership dues		240.461		332,780	10.705		332,780
Local Contributions		240,461 307,076		992,267 179,160	19,785 102,359		1,212,943 383,878
Delegate agency match		307,070		8,489,710	102,339		8,489,710
Interest		2,872		22,211	912		24,170
Other		(1,819)		1,005,287	677		1,002,792
	_	5,696,822	_	14,271,411	2,118,698	_	17,849,535
Total local and earned revenues	_	3,090,822	_	14,2/1,411	2,110,090	_	17,049,333
STATE PROGRAM REVENUES:							
General Revenue		3,455,162		10,986,064	1,289,790		13,151,436
Permanency Planning		66,584		7,729	13,252		61,061
Community Living Options Information							
Process (CLOIP)		208,531		63,027	62,287		209,271
Crisis Behavioral Supports		514,944		320,317	195,562		639,699
Nursing Facilities (NF) Preadmission Screening							
and Resident Review (PASRR)		442,802	_	408,482	212,539	_	638,745
Total state program revenues		4,688,023	_	11,785,619	1,773,431	_	14,700,212
FEDERAL PROGRAM REVENUES:							
Federal		136,355		14,352,510	48,523		14,440,342
		1,008,501		250,222	322,266		
Medicaid Administrative Claiming			_			_	936,458
Total federal program revenues	_	1,144,856	_	14,602,732	370,789	_	15,376,800
Total revenues	_	11,529,701	_	40,659,762	4,262,917	_	47,926,546
Fund Balance Used per CARE Report III		337,287					
Equals CARE Report III Fiscal Year 2017	\$	11,866,989					

^{*} CARE Report III Fiscal Year 2017

^{**} Other Agency Programs and September - December 2017 IDD Revenues

^{***} September - December 2016 IDD Revenues

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL REVENUE TO FIRST QUARTER FISCAL YEAR 2018 FINANCIAL REPORT

	1st Qtr * CARE		*** All other	Audited Financial Statements		
	Report III	** Additions	Agency	12/31/17		
LOCAL AND EARNED REVENUES:						
Medicaid	\$ 1,177,114	\$ 497,106	\$ 4,729,042	\$ 6,403,262		
Membership dues	-	-	332,780	332,780		
Local	6,627	12,580	1,193,737	1,212,943		
Contributions	76,769	25,590	281,519	383,878		
Delegate agency match	-	-	8,489,710	8,489,710		
Interest	1	911	23,258	24,170		
Other		677	1,002,115	1,002,792		
Total local and earned revenues	1,260,511	536,862	16,052,162	17,849,535		
STATE PROGRAM REVENUES:						
General Revenue	823,940	477,938	11,849,557	13,151,436		
Permanency Planning	9,423	3,830	47,808	61,061		
Community Living Options Information						
Process (CLOIP)	48,578	13,709	146,984	209,271		
Crisis Behavioral Supports	145,774	49,787	444,138	639,699		
Nursing Facilities (NF) Preadmission						
Screening and Resident Review (PASRR)	164,760	47,779	426,206	638,745		
Total state program revenues	1,192,475	593,044	12,914,693	14,700,212		
FEDERAL PROGRAM REVENUES:						
Federal	42,453	6,069	14,391,820	14,440,342		
Medicaid administrative claiming	243,919	66,258	626,281	936,458		
Total federal program revenues	286,372	72,327	15,018,101	15,376,800		
Total revenues	\$ 2,739,358	\$ 1,202,233	\$ 43,984,955	\$ 47,926,546		

^{* 1}st qtr Fiscal Year 18 (September - November 2017) IDD Revenues

^{**} December 2017 IDD Revenues

^{***} Other Agency Programs and January - August 2017 IDD Revenues

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BY SOURCE OF FUNDS

	Total Revenues		Fiscal Year 2017 Jan - Aug IDD Expenditures		Fiscal Year 2017 Sept - Dec IDD Expenditures		<u>F</u>	All Other Program Expenditures
Objects of expenditures:								
Personnel	\$	10,513,623	\$	3,459,372	\$	1,656,429	\$	5,397,823
Employee benefits		3,169,802		1,029,044		488,487		1,652,271
Debt service		18,661		-		-		18,661
Capital outlay		270,327		-		-		270,327
Other operating expenditures		31,986,613		2,420,172		1,207,011		28,359,430
Allocation of general administration to strategies		534,209		364,084		170,125		-
Allocation of authority administration to strategies		854,932		544,109		310,824		-
Total expenditures	_	47,348,167		7,816,780	_	3,832,875	_	35,698,512
Method of finance:								
General Revenue - Alamo Local Authority		13,766,606		1,759,648		1,289,790		10,717,167
Permanency Planning		61,061		47,808		13,252		-
Nursing Facilities (NF) Preadmission Screening								
and Resident Review (PASRR)		507,659		295,120		212,539		-
Community Living Options Information Process (CLOIP)		209,271		146,984		62,287		-
Crisis Behavioral Supports		639,699		444,137		195,562		-
Earned income		24,170		2,133		912		21,125
Additional local funds		17,825,365		4,450,116		2,117,786		11,257,463
Other services	_	14,892,715	_	692,691	_	370,789	_	13,829,236
Total expended sources	\$	47,926,546	\$	7,838,637	\$	4,262,917	\$	35,824,992

SCHEDULE OF INDIRECT COSTS

		Total Costs	No	onallowable Costs	De	epreciation		Total Adjusted Costs		Direct Costs		Indirect Costs
Personnel	\$	11,239,609	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,239,609	\$	9,665,292	\$	1,574,317
Fringe benefits		3,390,397		-		-		3,390,397		2,908,798		481,599
Debt service		18,661		-		-		18,661		18,661		-
Capital outlay		270,327		270,327		-		-		-		-
Depreciation		-		-		717,742		717,742		711,556		6,186
Other operating costs	_	32,429,173	_	-	_		_	32,429,173	_	31,832,564	_	596,609
Total costs	\$ <u></u>	47,348,167	\$ <u></u>	270,327	\$ <u></u>	717,742	\$_	47,795,582	\$ <u></u>	45,136,871	\$	2,658,711
Indirect costs Direct costs											\$	2,658,711 45,136,871
Indirect cost rate												5.9%

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN EFFECT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Policy Period

	1 oney	1 CHOU		
Insurer	Begins	Ends	Coverage	Amount
Texas Municipal League Risk Management Fund	10/01/16	09/30/17	Workers' Compensation	Statutory
Texas Municipal League	10/01/16	09/30/17	Automobile Liability:	
Risk Management Fund			Per occurrence limit	\$ 5,000,000
			Deductible	2,500
			Medical payments per person	25,000
	10/01/16	09/30/17	Automobile Physical Damage:	
			Per occurrence limit	10,000
			Deductible	1,000
Texas Municipal League	10/01/16	09/30/17	General Liability:	
Risk Management Fund			Per occurrence limit	10,000,000
			Sudden events each occurrence	2,000,000
			Annual aggregate	10,000,000
Texas Municipal League	10/01/16	09/30/17	Law Enforcement Liability:	
Risk Management Fund			Per occurrence limit	2,000,000
			Annual aggregate	4,000,000
			Deductible	1,000
Texas Municipal League	10/01/16	09/30/17	Errors and Omissions:	
Risk Management Fund			Each wrongful act	2,000,000
			Annual aggregate	4,000,000
			Deductible	1,000

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN EFFECT (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

	Policy	Period	_			
Insurer	Begins	Ends	Coverage	Amount		
Texas Municipal League	10/01/16	09/30/17	All Risk Property Coverage:			
Risk Management Fund			Coverage Basis:			
			Building: Replacement Cost Valuation	\$ 6,146,439		
			Deductible	250		
			Transit limit	1,000,000		
			Valuable papers and EDP media	10,000		
			Accounts receivable	10,000		
			Loss of revenue extra expense	50,000		
			Personal property of employees and officials	5,000		
			Leasehold interest	5,000		
			Outdoor trees and shrubs	10,000		
			Newly acquired property FMV up to	1,000,000		
			Pollutant cleanup and removal each premise	20,000		
			Flood & Earthquake:			
			Deductible	25,000		
			Boiler & Machinery:			
			Per accident limit	100,000		
			Deductible	250		
Texas Municipal League	10/01/16	09/30/17	Public Employee Dishonesty:			
Risk Management Fund			Limit of coverage	500,000		
			Deductible	5,000		
			*Coverage includes faithful			
			performance of duty			
WS&P	07/01/17	06/30/18	Pollution Coverage:			
Walthall Sachse & Pipes, Inc.			General aggregate limit	1,000,000		
			Each "pollution condition" limit	1,000,000		
			Deductible	5,000		
WS&P	02/13/17	02/12/18	Volunteers:			
Walthall Sachse & Pipes, Inc.			Accidental death and dismemberment benefit			
			dismonioni benefit			

Covered person principal sum/amount

Total max accident medical and dental

5,000

10,000

SCHEDULE OF PROFESSIONAL AND CONSULTING SERVICES

Name	City	Type of Service	Amount	
January - August 2017				
ABA AND BEHAVIORAL SVCS, LLC	San Antonio	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	\$ 8,884	
ABA AND BEHAVIORAL SVCS, LLC	San Antonio	6260 - BEHAVORIAL SUPPORT	9,494	
ANGEL CARE CENTER OF SA INC	San Antonio	6210 - RESPITE HOURLY OUT OF HOME	1,455	
ANGEL CARE CENTER OF SA INC	San Antonio	6213 - RESPITE HOURLY IN HOME	2,752	
ANGEL CARE CENTER OF SA INC	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	2,419	
ANGEL CARE CENTER OF SA INC	San Antonio	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	5,430	
ANNA GLASER	San Antonio	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	21,335	
ANNA GLASER	San Antonio	6260 - BEHAVORIAL SUPPORT	41,818	
ANNA GLASER	San Antonio	6380- ABA THERAPY	5,049	
CALIDAD - CONVERSE	San Antonio	6213 - RESPITE HOURLY IN HOME	3,278	
CALIDAD - CONVERSE	San Antonio	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	6,605	
CALIDAD-DREXEL	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	1,382	
CAMP	San Antonio	6270 - RESPITE CAMP WEEKLONG	71,500	
CAMP	San Antonio	6211 - RESPITE DAILY OUT OF HOME	3,000	
CAMP	San Antonio	6270 - RESPITE CAMP WEEKLONG	11,700	
CAMP	San Antonio	6370 - DAYHAB SUMMER CAMP	1,216	
EVA'S HEROES	San Antonio	6370 - DAYHAB SUMMER CAMP	2,646	
GUADALUPE CASTANEDA	San Antonio	6260 - BEHAVORIAL SUPPORT	1,856	
GUADALUPE CASTANEDA	San Antonio	6380 - ABA THERAPY	3,621	
HOMELIFE COMMUNITY SERVICES	Converse	6210 - RESPITE HOURLY OUT OF HOME	1,725	
HOMELIFE COMMUNITY SERVICES	Converse	6213 - RESPITE HOURLY IN HOME	35,771	
HOMELIFE COMMUNITY SERVICES	Converse	6214 - RESPITE DAILY IN HOME	3,450	
HOMELIFE COMMUNITY SERVICES	Converse	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	2,509	
HOMELIFE COMMUNITY SERVICES	Converse	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	25,334	
HOMELIFE COMMUNITY SERVICES	Converse	6260 - BEHAVORIAL SUPPORT	383	
JENNIFER GARRETT	San Antonio	6260 - BEHAVORIAL SUPPORT	14,837	
JENNIFER GARRETT	San Antonio	6380 - ABA THERAPY	7,523	
KIDZ TREEHOUSE PEDIATRIC	San Antonio	6385 - SPEECH AND LANGUAGE SERVICES	8,280	
MISSION ROAD DEVELOPMENTAL	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	27,117	
MISSION ROAD DEVELOPMENTAL	San Antonio	6370 - DAYHAB SUMMER CAMP	3,607	
REACHING MAXIMUM INDEPENDENCE	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	1,481	
REACHING MAXIMUM INDEPENDENCE	San Antonio	6240 - EMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE	541	
REACHING MAXIMUM INDEPENDENCE	San Antonio	6250 - SUPPORTED EMPLOYMENT	262	
RESPITE CARE OF SAN ANTONIO	San Antonio	6210 - RESPITE HOURLY OUT OF HOME	1,864	
SAFIRE	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	3,272	
SOUTH TX BEHAVIORAL	San Antonio	6215 - CRISIS RESPITE HOURLY IN HOME	57,556	
SOUTH TX BEHAVIORAL	San Antonio	6216 - CRISIS RESPITE DAILY IN HOME	1,500	
SOUTH TX BEHAVIORAL	San Antonio	6217 - CRISIS SUPERVISION	1,975	
SOUTH TX BEHAVIORAL	San Antonio	6218 - CRISIS TEAM CONSULTATION	5,775	
SOUTH TX BEHAVIORAL	San Antonio	6260 - BEHAVORIAL SUPPORT	12,128	
SOUTH TX BEHAVIORAL	San Antonio	6380 - ABA THERAPY	8,836	
THE ARC OF SAN ANTONIO	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	58,757	
THE BACKYARD SAID, LLC	Live Oak	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	476	

SCHEDULE OF PROFESSIONAL AND CONSULTING SERVICES

Name	City	Type of Service	Amount
January - August 2017			
TWG INVESTMENTS LTD	San Antonio	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	\$ 102
TWG INVESTMENTS LTD	Converse	6280 - SAFETY NET	191,335
UNICORN CENTER INC	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	16,659
UNICORN CENTER INC	San Antonio	6225 - HEAD START	720
UNICORN CENTER INC	San Antonio	6240 - EMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE	1,630
UNICORN CENTER INC	San Antonio	6250 - SUPPORTED EMPLOYMENT	7,283
UNIVERSITY UNITED METHODIST CHURCH	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	5,159
LIFELINE CARE AND SERVICES	San Antonio	6210 - RESPITE HOURLY OUT OF HOME	2,310
LIFELINE CARE AND SERVICES	San Antonio	6211 - RESPITE DAILY OUT OF HOME	6,300
LIFELINE CARE AND SERVICES	San Antonio	6213 - RESPITE HOURLY IN HOME	26,858
LIFELINE CARE AND SERVICES	San Antonio	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	105,590
LIFELINE CARE AND SERVICES	San Antonio	6240 - EMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE	364
LIFETIME LIVING INC	San Antonio	6210 - RESPITE HOURLY OUT OF HOME	900
LIFETIME LIVING INC	San Antonio	6211 - RESPITE DAILY OUT OF HOME	1,200
LIFETIME LIVING INC	San Antonio	6213 - RESPITE HOURLY IN HOME	4,054
LIFETIME LIVING INC	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	10,149
LIFETIME LIVING INC	San Antonio	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	8,903

SCHEDULE OF PROFESSIONAL AND CONSULTING SERVICES

Name	City	Type of Service	Amount
September - December 2016			
ABA AND BEHAVIORAL SVCS, LLC	San Antonio	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	\$ 11,218
ABA AND BEHAVIORAL SVCS, LLC	San Antonio	6260 - BEHAVORIAL SUPPORT	60,215
ABA AND BEHAVIORAL SVCS, LLC	San Antonio	6380 - ABA THERAPY	714
ANGEL CARE CENTER OF SA INC	San Antonio	6213 - RESPITE HOURLY IN HOME	1,365
ANGEL CARE CENTER OF SA INC	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	4,168
ANGEL CARE CENTER OF SA INC	San Antonio	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	7,132
ANNA GLASER	San Antonio	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	2,967
ANNA GLASER	San Antonio	6260 - BEHAVORIAL SUPPORT	3,520
ANNA GLASER	San Antonio	6380- ABA THERAPY	204
CALIDAD - CONVERSE	San Antonio	6213 - RESPITE HOURLY IN HOME	210
CALIDAD - CONVERSE	San Antonio	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	2,618
CAMP	San Antonio	6211 - RESPITE DAILY OUT OF HOME	1,500
EVA'S HEROES	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	60
EVA'S HEROES	San Antonio	6370 - DAYHAB SUMMER CAMP	89
HOMELIFE COMMUNITY SERVICES	Converse	6210 - RESPITE HOURLY OUT OF HOME	338
HOMELIFE COMMUNITY SERVICES	Converse	6213 - RESPITE HOURLY IN HOME	25,883
HOMELIFE COMMUNITY SERVICES	Converse	6214 - RESPITE DAILY IN HOME	1,200
HOMELIFE COMMUNITY SERVICES	Converse	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	1,014
HOMELIFE COMMUNITY SERVICES	Converse	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	19,483
JENNIFER GARRETT	San Antonio	6260 - BEHAVORIAL SUPPORT	14,519
JENNIFER GARRETT	San Antonio	6380 - ABA THERAPY	2,397
KIDZ TREEHOUSE PEDIATRIC	San Antonio	6385 - SPEECH AND LANGUAGE SERVICES	5,040
MISSION ROAD DEVELOPMENTAL	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	24,877
REACHING MAXIMUM INDEPENDENCE	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	3,651
REACHING MAXIMUM INDEPENDENCE	San Antonio	6240 - EMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE	613
REACHING MAXIMUM INDEPENDENCE	San Antonio	6250 - SUPPORTED EMPLOYMENT	2,065
SAFIRE	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	934
SOUTH TX BEHAVIORAL	San Antonio	6215 - CRISIS RESPITE HOURLY IN HOME	14,091
SOUTH TX BEHAVIORAL	San Antonio	6260 - BEHAVORIAL SUPPORT	2,678
SOUTH TX BEHAVIORAL	San Antonio	6380 - ABA THERAPY	2,856
THE ARC OF SAN ANTONIO	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	34,112
TWG INVESTMENTS LTD	San Antonio	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	204
TWG INVESTMENTS LTD	San Antonio	6280 - SAFETY NET	107,667
UNICORN CENTER INC	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	8,466
UNICORN CENTER INC	San Antonio	6225 - HEAD START	720
UNICORN CENTER INC	San Antonio	6250 - SUPPORTED EMPLOYMENT	1,166
UNIVERSITY UNITED METHODIST	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	2,560
LIFELINE CARE AND SERVICES	San Antonio	6211 - RESPITE DAILY OUT OF HOME	1,800
LIFELINE CARE AND SERVICES	San Antonio	6213 - RESPITE HOURLY IN HOME	13,549
LIFELINE CARE AND SERVICES	San Antonio	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	49,452
LIFETIME LIVING INC	San Antonio	6210 - RESPITE HOURLY OUT OF HOME	120
LIFETIME LIVING INC	San Antonio	6211 - RESPITE DAILY OUT OF HOME	600
LIFETIME LIVING INC	San Antonio	6213 - RESPITE HOURLY IN HOME	1,905
LIFETIME LIVING INC	San Antonio	6220 - DAY HABILITATION	2,991
LIFETIME LIVING INC	San Antonio	6230 - COMMUNITY SUPPORTS	14,387

SCHEDULE OF LEGAL SERVICES

Name	City	Type of Service	Amount
	Nor	ne	

SCHEDULE OF LEASE AND RENTAL COMMITMENTS

Lessor	Leased Property Location	Termination Date	Monthly Rental
	None		

SCHEDULE OF SPACE OCCUPIED IN A STATE-OWNED FACILITY

Lessor	Leased Property	Termination Date	Monthly Rental
	None		

SCHEDULE OF BONDED EMPLOYEES

Name	Title		Surety Company	Bond Amount
		None		

STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

This part of the Council's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Council's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Council's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	62
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Council's most significant local revenue source.	68
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Council's current level of outstanding debt and the Council's ability to issue additional debt in the future. The Council has no legal debt limit and it has had no outstanding debt for the past ten years.	N/A
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules present information to help the reader understand the environment within which the Council's financial activities take place.	69
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Council's financial report relates to the services the Council provides and the activities it performs.	71



NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

							Fiscal Y	ear								
		2008		2009	 2010	2011	2012		2013		2014	 2015	_	2016	_	2017
Governmental activities:																
Investment in																
capital assets	\$	5,323,909	\$	5,530,016	\$ 4,880,861	\$ 4,536,725	\$ 3,971,524	\$	3,566,228	\$	3,320,177	\$ 4,626,797	\$	3,857,627	\$	3,158,888
Restricted for grant programs	S	-		4,245,670	5,197,743	6,043,430	5,213,505		6,003,304		5,468,590	4,435,713		3,783,220		3,832,310
Unrestricted	_	4,773,617	_	1,246,422	 1,449,642	 1,561,072	 1,603,840		1,436,790	_	1,149,419	 2,248,303	_	2,467,162	_	3,199,304
Total governmental																

ALAMO AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal	Vacan

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
EXPENSES				*,				,	,	
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 168,274	\$ 30,355	\$ 69,513	\$ 72,342	\$ 160,091	\$ 325,364	\$ 253,731	\$ 106,379	\$ 229,932	\$ 130,920
Workforce development	2,891,519	3,313,710	806,808	3,044,434	3,127,544	3,172,384	1,231,591	985,649	334,846	426,572
Housing	558,323	540,811	410,923	421,823	610,889	733,103	654,225	623,478	30,372	17,445
Emergency communications	1,249,277	1,716,584	1,192,131	1,581,207	1,152,930	1,375,736	1,302,969	1,637,738	1,544,150	1,812,052
Economic development	53,874	70,131	62,214	77,645	121,919	89,988	109,023	52,784	853,881	4,431,081
Environmental qualtiy	1,363,596	1,648,712	937,377	2,012,505	781,122	891,270	661,454	908,372	949,942	992,880
Community affairs	1,260,106	2,052,388	7,542,429	8,716,080	3,065,124	1,636,268	1,862,836	1,856,575	1,625,004	2,078,269
Health and welfare	7,166,280	6,504,210	8,764,685	8,746,243	8,485,624	8,361,714	9,441,812	11,628,909	11,866,163	11,600,496
Homeland security	827,749	937,369	1,183,264	1,648,922	625,480	438,462	615,464	303,317	411,654	281,861
Aging	13,691,487	14,373,314	17,658,462	15,690,963	15,566,223	16,118,847	16,618,027	16,878,439	17,093,970	18,732,002
Criminal justice	1,022,560	1,150,753	1,535,149	1,138,372	901,854	1,494,340	1,133,784	1,468,424	1,508,118	1,417,596
Transportation	3,877,107	4,118,625	5,478,533	6,084,768	5,685,078	6,011,223	6,059,606	5,296,213	5,122,713	5,904,299
Interest	3,326									18,580
Total governmental										
activities expenses	34,133,478	36,456,962	45,641,488	49,235,304	40,283,878	40,648,699	39,944,522	41,746,277	41,570,745	47,844,053
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	-	-	15,837	5,380	65	-	-	-	-	-
Health and human services	-	1,986	-	5,201	655,495	-	3,198	-	-	-
Aging	694,982	585,783	548,464	654,957	480,924	456,079	556,521	242,780	403,393	421,338
Criminal justice	325,314	250,929	237,353	251,715	173,504	253,983	227,511	246,663	281,673	436,947
Transportation	-	86,110	72,631	132,599	-	118,191	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions	35,538,026	36,196,886	45,007,470	48,505,521	37,322,513	39,733,453	37,769,447	39,870,358	39,344,336	46,719,605
Capital grants and contributions								2,241,447		
Total governmental activities										
program revenues	36,558,322	37,121,694	45,881,755	49,555,373	38,632,501	40,561,706	38,556,677	42,601,248	40,029,402	47,577,890

ALAMO AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		Fiscal Year								
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUES										
Governmental activities	2,424,844	664,732	240,267	320,069	(1,651,377)	(86,993)	(1,387,845)	854,971	(1,541,343) (266,163)
GENERAL REVENUES AND										
OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSIT	TION									
Governmental activities:										
Investment earnings	24,414	9,459	4,718	2,673	3,291	3,911	1,523	8,729	8,160	6,276
Miscellaneous	5,683	4,933	15,075	-	92	183	-	-	-	-
Membership dues	242,618	245,458	246,078	290,239	295,636	300,352	318,186	323,933	330,379	332,780
Gain on sale of capital assets	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-						9,600
Total governmental activities	272,715	259,850	265,871	292,912	299,019	304,446	319,709	332,662	338,539	348,656
CHANGE IN NET POSITION										
Governmental activities	\$ 2,697,559 \$	924,582 \$	506,138 \$	612,981 \$	8(1,352,358) \$	217,453	\$(_1,068,136) \$	1,187,633	6(1,202,804) \$	82,493



ALAMO AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 General fund: Reserved 131,735 145,110 \$ 38,864 \$ 43,423 \$ 11,080 \$ 6,121 \$ 6,032 \$ 274,372 \$ Unreserved 1,319,552 1,472,843 1,828,890 Nonspendable 313,604 1,907,605 1,932,797 1,865,034 1,577,911 1,937,288 1,638,063 1,851,426 Unassigned 1,951,028 1,583,943 \$ 1,451,287 1,617,953 1,867,754 1,943,877 1,871,155 1,937,288 1,912,435 2,165,030 Total general fund \$ \$ \$ Special revenue funds: \$ \$ Reserved \$ 19,699 \$ Unreserved 4,541,082 3,962,194 5,054,802 Nonspendable 2,000 3,832,310 Restricted 5,847,078 5,213,505 6,003,304 5,426,576 4,435,713 3,783,220 3,647) 6,302) 6,302) 15,023) 274,739) Unassigned 45) Total special revenue funds \$ 4,541,082 3,962,194 5,054,802 5,847,078 \$ 5,209,858 5,997,002 5,420,274 4,440,389 3,508,481 \$ 3,834,265

Note: The Council implemented GASB Statement 54 in fiscal year 2011. Prior year balances have not been restated to conform to GASB Statement 54.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Y	ear
----------	-----

				FISCa	i i ea	ľ		
		2008		2009		2010		2011
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	27,325,421	\$	28,209,441	\$	35,976,093	\$	35,222,106
Matching funds		4,570,725		4,795,875		4,277,678		5,900,469
Local ⁽¹⁾		3,648,573		2,973,338		4,871,443		7,300,517
Program income		887,348		931,597		874,285		1,049,852
Membership dues ⁽²⁾		242,618		245,458		246,078		290,239
Investment income		39,010		9,459		7,407		9,672
Miscellaneous		16,542		33,700		35,177		22,018
Total revenues	_	36,730,237		37,198,868		46,288,161		49,794,873
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		246,073		61,702		15,892		131,010
Aging		13,717,700		14,348,454		17,675,940		15,688,474
Health and welfare		7,180,008		6,495,036		8,764,095		8,749,883
Transportation		4,836,834		5,263,568		5,130,791		6,040,947
Workforce development		3,054,979		3,276,896		772,595		3,016,967
Environmental quality		1,362,579		1,643,314		935,381		2,010,290
Community affairs		1,262,520		2,049,493		7,542,429		8,426,311
Criminal justice		1,054,552		1,111,487		1,671,244		1,071,510
Emergency communications		1,580,381		1,220,687		1,158,935		1,558,195
Homeland security		455,744		537,626		784,843		1,648,922
Housing		551,927		533,378		431,393		499,169
Economic development		53,977		70,032		62,214		77,645
Debt service:								
Interest and fiscal charges	_	3,332	_		_		_	
Total expenditures	_	35,360,606	_	36,611,673	_	44,945,752	_	48,919,323
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	_	1,369,631	_	587,195	_	1,342,409	_	875,550
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		250,489		214,631		227,634		240,268
Transfers out	(250,489)	(214,631)	(227,634)	(240,268)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u> _	_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$_	1,369,631	\$	587,195	\$	1,342,409	\$	875,550
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE		0.01-1		_,				
OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	_	0.01%	_	- %		- %	_	- %

Notes

⁽¹⁾ The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (ACA) was signed into law in March 2010, providing for expansion of the medicaid program beginning in fiscal year 2010.

⁽²⁾ Membership dues are comprised of eligible Governmental Units and various associate members within the 13-county Alamo Area planning region. Dues are used as local funds in matching federal and state planning grants.

Fiscal Year

					Fisca	ıl Year	•				
	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
\$	25,840,605	\$	25,480,440	\$	24,742,773	\$	25,610,714	\$	25,285,580	\$	30,077,011
	5,112,138		6,999,166		6,225,094		6,855,548		7,006,685		8,182,400
	6,903,919		7,253,847		6,801,580		7,446,925		7,025,515		8,450,713
	874,083		828,253		787,230		494,210		700,857		859,472
	295,636		300,352		318,186		323,933		330,379		332,780
	6,659		3,911		1,523		8,729		18,925		24,170
	24,119		183		-		-		-		-
_	39,057,159	_	40,866,152		38,876,386		40,740,059		40,367,941		47,926,546
_		_					,,			_	,, = 0,0
	141,977		229,820		378,365		43,036		178,991		76,643
	15,542,184		16,115,223		16,614,403		17,108,033		17,312,612		18,812,366
	8,482,000		8,361,714		9,441,812		11,782,323		12,016,644		11,646,967
	5,401,948		5,837,168		5,900,644		4,675,167		4,691,292		5,638,199
	3,093,331		3,140,769		1,201,275		966,961		323,068		426,330
	779,773		889,921		660,105		924,944		1,007,720		986,047
	3,065,124		1,636,268		1,862,836		1,881,830		1,645,789		2,087,229
	846,294		1,442,256		1,088,328		1,339,882		1,235,837		1,125,083
	1,117,882		1,340,688		1,276,220		1,690,501		1,643,255		1,814,118
	518,225		354,828		572,678		282,103		391,600		266,337
	590,873		713,087		634,637		618,317		13,091		-
	121,919		89,988		109,023		53,502		864,803		4,450,187
	-		-		-		-		-		18,661
	39,701,530		40,151,730		39,740,326		41,366,599		41,324,702		47,348,167
<u>(</u>	644,371)	_	714,422	(863,940)	<u>(</u>	626,540)	(_	956,761)	_	578,379
	212,120		188,859		230,755		268,314		274,414		225,780
(212,120)	(188,859)	(230,755)	(268,314)	(274,414)	(225,780)
_	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$ (644,371)	\$	714,422	<u> </u>	863,940)	<u> </u>	626,540)	\$ (956,761)	\$	578,379
· <u>~</u>	· · · ·	_	•	· <u>~</u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	· <u>~</u>	<u> </u>	· <u>~</u>	<u> </u>	_	<u>, </u>
_	- %	_	- %	_	- %		- %		- %	_	0.04%



PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF REVENUES (UNAUDITED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

_	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 ⁽³⁾	2017
EARNED REVENUES:			.,							
Medicaid ⁽¹⁾	397,579	\$ 449,680	\$ 1,970,756	\$ 4,232,551	\$ 3,446,086	\$ 4,624,276	\$ 5,663,959	\$ 5,793,701	\$ 5,745,153	\$ 6,403,262
Membership dues	242,618	245,458	246,078	290,239	295,636	300,352	318,186	323,933	330,379	332,780
Local	2,550,156	2,828,234	2,517,219	3,115,139	3,143,070	2,406,722	1,045,675	1,598,246	786,163	1,212,943
Contributions	410,392	291,612	-	-	-	291,105	332,666	307,076	269,165	383,878
Delegate agency match	4,570,725	4,849,275	4,819,574	6,553,093	5,649,545	7,455,245	6,781,614	7,097,649	7,392,976	8,489,710
Interest	39,010	9,459	7,407	9,672	6,659	3,911	1,523	8,729	18,867	24,170
Other	903,890	368,076	367,460	22,018	16,164	184		11	539,658	1,002,792
Total local and earned revenues	9,114,370	9,041,794	9,928,494	14,222,712	12,557,160	15,081,795	14,143,623	15,129,345	15,082,361	17,849,535
STATE PROGRAM REVENUES:										
General Revenue	9,604,545	9,320,923	9,212,416	9,756,518	6,883,615	8,589,808	7,581,588	9,665,357	9,231,702	13,151,436
Permanency Planning	45,548	63,400	89,806	76,037	87,394	67,115	53,307	95,608	88,772	61,061
Community Living Options Information										
Process (CLOIP)	150,895	205,598	255,662	223,370	213,963	215,697	260,452	218,801	270,079	209,271
Crisis Behavioral Supports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	327,407	639,699
In-home and Family Support (2)	484,320	528,400	718,648	536,618	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nursing Facilities Preadmission										
Screening and Resident Review	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	638,745
Omnibus Reconciliation Reform										
(OBRA) Funds	6,650	6,359	19,572	12,853	7,268	10,089	18,518	9,894	338,271	-
Other state			828,817	14,400						
Total state program revenues	10,291,958	10,124,680	11,124,921	10,619,796	7,192,240	8,882,709	7,913,865	9,989,660	10,256,231	14,700,212
FEDERAL PROGRAM REVENUES:										
Federal	17,033,472	17,624,405	24,851,172	24,602,310	18,648,366	16,596,676	16,541,640	14,661,683	13,859,576	14,440,342
Medicaid Administrative Claiming	290,446	407,989	383,574	350,054	659,393	328,457	287,268	959,372	1,169,773	936,458
Total federal program revenues	17,323,918	18,032,394	25,234,746	24,952,364	19,307,759	16,925,133	16,828,908	15,621,055	15,029,349	15,376,800
Total revenues	36,730,246	37,198,868	46,288,161	49,794,872	39,057,159	40,889,637	38,886,396	40,740,060	40,367,941	47,926,546

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (ACA) was signed into law in March 2010, providing for expansion of the medicaid program.

 $^{^{\}left(2\right)}$ The In-home and Family Support program ended in fiscal year 2011.

⁽³⁾ OBRA funds ended in fiscal year 2016.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Calendar Year	Population ⁽¹⁾		Personal Income (\$000) ⁽¹⁾	A	vg. Per Capita Personal Income	 Gross Sales ⁽²⁾	Taxable Sales	Average Outlets ⁽²⁾	Total Employment ⁽³⁾	Unemployment Rate
2008	2,166,875	\$	53,307,075	\$	24,601	\$ 133,341,026,869	\$ 24,535,727,017	12,767	908,593	5.7%
2009	2,212,331		51,170,535		23,130	97,176,139,529	22,554,474,977	4,126	921,077	6.2%
2010	2,249,718		53,829,695		23,927	116,649,999,959	22,967,227,594	4,186	969,279	6.2%
2011	2,301,404		56,575,238		24,583	146,766,312,458	25,201,601,239	4,407	986,129	6.5%
2012	2,344,719		58,370,156		24,894	147,649,885,895	27,731,875,590	4,500	1,089,921	6.3%
2013	2,388,823		61,381,726		25,695	148,276,549,442	29,576,635,365	4,568	1,024,314	6.5%
2014	2,438,711		66,101,449		27,105	165,977,429,158	31,591,846,755	4,589	1,049,445	6.9%
2015	2,491,102		67,090,551		26,932	147,242,121,274	33,102,882,603	4,860	1,074,794	6.5%
2016	2,539,276		69,792,782		27,485	133,579,582,935	33,546,158,475	5,057	1,104,774	6.5%
2017	2,587,905	No	ot available ⁽⁴⁾]	Not available ⁽⁴⁾	103,523,685,063	24,811,767,292	4,435	Not available ⁽⁴⁾	Not available ⁽⁴⁾

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Population and Per Capita Income Derived from U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis CA1-3 Report.

⁽²⁾ Gross Sales, State Tax, and Avg. Outlets Derived from Texas State Sales and Use Historical Data as of December 2016.

⁽³⁾ Total Employment reflects Civilian Labor Force as of December 2016.

⁽⁴⁾ Per the Texas Demographic Center, Selected Economic Characteristics for 2017 have not been released for Texas as of June 2018.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	,	201	17	2008			
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Employment ⁽¹⁾	Number of Employees ⁽²⁾	Rank	Percentage of Employment	
Lackland Air Force Base	37,000	1	3.50%	33,893	1	3.91%	
Fort Sam Houston - U.S Army	32,000	2	3.03%	15,200	3	1.76%	
Н-Е-В	22,000	3	2.08%	19,249	2	2.22%	
USAA	17,163	4	1.62%	14,443	4	1.67%	
Northside Independent School District	13,969	5	1.32%	12,810	5	1.48%	
City of San Antonio	12,231	6	1.16%	9,830	7	1.14%	
Randolph Air Force Base	11,000	7	1.04%	10,733	6	1.24%	
North East Independent School District	9,292	8	0.88%	8,360	8	0.97%	
Methodist Health Care System	8,960	9	0.85%	7,496	9	0.87%	
San Antonio Independent School District	7,374	10	0.70%	9,000	10	1.04%	
Total	170,989		16.19%	141,014		16.28%	

Source: Economic Development Division, 2008 Books of Lists - San Antonio Business Journal, and Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁽¹⁾ Percent based on an Employment Estimate of 1,056,300 Non-Farm Jobs in the San Antonio- New Braunfels, TX Metropolitan Statistical Area as of December 2017. Figure provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁽²⁾ Percent based on an Employment Estimate of 866,000 Non-Farm Jobs in the San Antonio- New Braunfels, TX Metropolitan Statistical Area as of December 2008. Figure provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

ALAMO AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Fisca	l Year			
Function/Program		2008		2009		2010		2011
Alamo Area Agency on Aging:								
Home delivered meals		128,712		134,776		137,977		144,338
Congregate meals		106,312		87,841		92,944		85,148
Transportation trips		14,668		15,409		10,774		11,650
Bexar Area Agency on Aging:								
Home delivered meals		279,996		259,210		343,683		338,062
Congregate meals		543,757		525,950		559,124		507,881
Transportation trips		29,283		25,701		23,482		22,795
Hours of legal and guardianship services		4,122		4,069		2,312		2,519
Alamo Local Authority:								
Individuals enrolled in HCS program		-		175		472		354
Criminal Justice:								
Full time basic peace officer courses completed		1		3		3		3
Basic peace officer graduates		48		77		36		81
Housing/Weatherization:								
LIHEAP units created		_		692		900		703
LIHEAP expenditures		_		1,130,755		1,502,427		1.410.140
DOE units created		-		389		27		119
DOE expenditures		-		1,255,697		10,782		517,211
Natural resources:								
Ozone monitors completed		3		3		6		6
Air Quality Outreach:								
Events participated in		-		_		-		3
Commute Solutions:								
Outreach events completed		_		_		1		3
Clean Cities:						•		
Althernative fuel workshops completed		_		5		7		9
				3		,		,
9-1-1/Technical Assistance: AACOG match rates								
		-		-		-		-
Resource Recovery:	ф	607.110.10	ф	CET 0ET 00	ф	606 227 00	ф	712.762.62
Pass-through dollars for annual projects	\$	697,112.18	\$	675,375.23	\$	606,237.00	\$	713,762.62
Alamo Regional Transit:								
Ridership		-		100,800		144,000		157,981
Workforce:								
Rural job seekers assisted		1,900		1,400		1,990		3,759
Provided employment services		11,583		13,787		15,757		18,795

Source: Various AACOG departments

Fiscal Year

		Fisca	l Year				
2012	 2013	 2014		2015		2016	 2017
1.10.505	101.005	105.050		100.101		1.10.07.1	125.255
140,707	131,296	135,360		139,424		140,974	125,257
78,607	67,378	67,769		72,697		71,464	61,344
11,049	6,069	6,157		6,613		428	1,169
302,558	280,766	305,358		320,524		316,252	317,000
417,457	346,857	350,128		403,832		382,750	355,000
25,902	20,102	15,656		12,308		12,724	12,462
2,678	5,248	4,953		5,494		5,212	4,954
126	132	144		409		115	103
3	3	3		4		3	3
49	71	81		71		81	88
206	207	161		242		177	180
1,135,285	1,204,771	824,344		1,506,166		1,297,925	1,504,234
44	56	29		47		47	37
166,433	430,301	211,201		375,522		380,014	341,899
6	6	6		6		6	6
5	6	6		10		5	4
5	6	7		11		12	12
7	4	4		4		4	-
-	-	69%		82%		92%	98%
\$ 819,652.75	\$ 179,551.19	\$ 153,542.00	\$	113,300.00	\$	158,212.50	\$ 161,887.50
139,086	114,370	113,161		111,145		89,037	101,394
1,086	3,809	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
7,240	5,234	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
7,240	5,254	11/11		11/11		1 1/ 1 1	1 1/ 1 1

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY PROGRAM/DEPARTMENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year											
Program/Department	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
IDD	44	50	73	82	89	90	111	130	133	135		
Area Agency on Aging	27	29	35	31	38	38	36	40	53	53		
Transportation	28	55	77	75	44	44	52	47	34	34		
Administrative	22	22	26	23	32	33	29	35	28	26		
Public Safety	15	16	15	14	12	12	13	12	11	12		
Weatherization	6	8	13	15	13	13	14	12	7	8		
Natural Resources	11	13	11	9	9	10	10	7	8	5		
Regional Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4		
Resource Recovery	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Ryan White	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Workforce / Childcare	57	48	57	43	44	44	10	9				
Total	222	244	310	295	284	287	278	295	277	279		
				Yea	ar to Year Perc	entage Increase	es					
IDD	=	12%	32%	11%	8%	1%	19%	15%	2%	1%		
Area Agency on Aging	-	7%	17%	-13%	18%	0%	-6%	10%	25%	0%		
Transportation	-	49%	29%	-3%	-70%	0%	15%	-11%	-38%	0%		
Administrative	-	0%	15%	-13%	28%	3%	-14%	17%	-25%	-8%		
Public Safety	=	6%	-7%	-7%	-17%	0%	8%	-8%	-9%	8%		
Weatherization	-	25%	38%	13%	-15%	0%	7%	-17%	-71%	13%		
Natural Resources	-	15%	-18%	-22%	0%	10%	0%	-43%	13%	-60%		
Regional Services	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	75%		
Resource Recovery	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		
Ryan White	_	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		
Workforce / Childcare	-	-19%	16%	-33%	2%	0%	-340%	-11%	0%	0%		
Total		9%	21%	-5%	-4%	1%	-3%	6%	-6%	1%		

Source: Various AACOG departments

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fiscal Year								
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
G 1G 4										
General Government Vehicles	2	1	1		1	1				
	2 7	1 6	1 5	5	1 5	1 5	- 4	3	2	-
Equipment Software	3	4	3	1	-	3	4	3	2	-
Furniture & fixtures	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
runnture & fixtures	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aging										
Equipment	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture & fixtures	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
IDD										
Equipment	_	_	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Furniture & fixtures	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	1	1	1
Alamo Regional Transit		0.0	7.1	70	70	7.1	70	0.0	67	40
Vehicles	66	80	71	78	78	71	79	80	67	43
Equipment	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Software	3	3	3	4	4	2	3	2	2	1
Public Safety										
Vehicles	9	7	10	10	8	7	5	6	1	1
Equipment	21	5	8	12	7	7	6	19	18	17
Software	2	2	2	2	-	1	2	2	2	2
Homeland Security										
Vehicles	8	8	8	8	8	8	_	_	_	_
Equipment	10	10	10	10	7	7	5	1	1	1
Housing										
Vehicles	3	3	3	7	6	6	6	4	5	5
venicies	3	3	3	/	U	U	U	4	3	3
Workforce Development										
Vehicles	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-
Furniture & fixtures	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Natural Resources										
Equipment	4	3	2	2	-	-	-	1	6	6
Resource Recovery					_	_	_	_	_	_
Equipment	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	2	2	1

Source: Various AACOG departments



SINGLE AUDIT SECTION





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Alamo Area Council of Governments San Antonio, Texas

Members of the Board:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alamo Area Council of Governments (the "Council") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Council's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas June 26, 2018



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE OF TEXAS UNIFORM GRANT MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

Board of Directors Alamo Area Council of Governments San Antonio, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited Alamo Area Council of Governments' (the "Council") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement and the State of Texas Uniform Grant Management Standards ("UGMS"), issued by the Texas Comptroller of Pubic Accounts, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Council's major federal and state programs for the year ended December 31, 2017. The Council's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal and state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Council's major federal and state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*; and *UGMS*. Those standards, the *Uniform Guidance*, and *UGMS* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal or state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Council's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

956.544.7778



TEMPLE, TX



We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Council's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

In our opinion, the Council complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Council is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Council's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal and state program as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *Uniform Guidance* and *UGMS*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Uniform Guidance* and *UGMS*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas June 26, 2018

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients	
FEDERAL AWARDS		rumoer		Buereerprents	
U. S. Department of Commerce/Economic Development Administration Direct:					
Economic Development - Support for Planning Organizations	11.302	08-83-05023	\$ 83,373	\$ -	
Total U. S. Department of Commerce/Economic					
Development Administration			83,373		
U.S. Department of Defense/Office of Economic Adjustment					
Direct:					
Joint Land Use Studies	12.610	EN1544-17-02	227,921		
Total U.S. Department of Defense/Office of Economic Adjustment			227,921		
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture:					
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	C716221	9,090	-	
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	C717221	3,923		
Total U. S. Department of Housing and					
Urban Development			13,013		
<u>U. S. Department of Justice</u>					
Passed through the Office of the Governor, Criminal Justice Division:					
Violence Against Women Formula Grant	16.588	2610705	49,986	-	
Violence Against Women Formula Grant	16.588	2610706	18,286		
Total U. S. Department of Justice			68,272		
U. S. Department of Transportation					
Passed through the Metropolitan Planning Organization:					
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	2016-2017	118,868		
Subtotal Metropolitan Planning Organization			118,868		
Passed through Texas Department of Transportation:					
Highway Planning and Construction - Commute Solutions	20.205	15-4XXF7001	185,089		
Subtotal Texas Department of Transportation			185,089		
Subtotal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			303,957		
Passed through the VIA Metropolitan Transit:					
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	TX90Y116-00	306,302	-	
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	TX90Y129-01	132,560		
Subtotal VIA Metropolitan Transit			438,862		
Passed through Texas Department of Transportation:					
Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Program	20.526	51003011517	73,277		
Subtotal Texas Department of Transportation			73,277		
Subtotal Federal Transit Cluster			512,139		
Passed through the VIA Metropolitan Transit:					
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals					
with Disabilities	20.513	TX-16-X012-01	38,320	_	
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals			,		
with Disabilities	20.513	TX-16-X081-01	321,885	-	
Travel Program	20.521	17-045	67,471	-	
New Freedom Program	20.521	TX-57-X032-01	40,380		
Subtotal Transit Services Programs Cluster			468,056		
Subtotal VIA Metropolitan Transit			468,056		
The government and government					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass-through Entity Identifying		Total Federal	Passed Through to
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	E	Expenditures	Subrecipients
FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)					
Passed through Texas Department of Transportation:					
Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	51018011516	\$	660,265	-
Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	51018011517		539,310	
Subtotal				1,199,575	
State Planning and Research	20.515	REG 1601 (15)	(40,120)	-
State Planning and Research	20.515	REG 1701 (15)		37,895	-
State Planning and Research	20.515	REG 1801 (15)		468	
Subtotal			(1,757)	
Subtotal Texas Department of Transportation			_	1,197,818	
Total U. S. Department of Transportation				2,481,970	
U. S. Department of Veterans Affairs Direct:					
Veterans Home Based Primary Care	64.022	PA-VDHC 671-0001		551,903	
Total U. S. Department of Veterans Affairs			_	551,903	
U. S. Department of Energy					
Direct:					
Conservation Research and Development	81.086	DE-EE0007451		40,230	
Total Direct Programs				40,230	
Passed through Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs:					
Weatherization Assistance for Low Income Persons	81.042	56160002476		222,442	-
Weatherization Assistance for Low Income Persons	81.042	56170002714		114,333	
Total Texas Department of Housing					
and Community Affairs				336,775	
Total U. S. Department of Energy				377,005	
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed through Texas Health and Human Services Commission:					
Title VII-EAP - Bexar AAA	93.041	539-16-0020-00001		24,318	-
Title VII-EAP - Alamo AAA	93.041	539-16-0021-00001		9,688	
Subtotal				34,006	
Title VII-OAG - Bexar AAA	93.042	539-16-0020-00001		72,688	-
Title VII-OAG - Alamo AAA	93.042	539-16-0021-00001		49,213	
Subtotal			_	121,901	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)				
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services (Continued)				
Passed through Texas Health and Human Services Commission (Continu	ied):			
Title III-D - Bexar AAA	93.043	539-16-0020-00001	\$ 78,980	\$ -
Title III-D - Alamo AAA	93.043	539-16-0021-00001	22,817	
Subtotal			101,797	
Title III-B - Bexar AAA	93.044	539-16-0020-00001	1,229,760	312,788
Title III-B - Alamo AAA	93.044	539-16-0021-00001	557,455	-
Title III-C- Bexar AAA	93.045	539-16-0020-00001	2,600,116	2,600,116
Title III-C - Alamo AAA	93.045	539-16-0021-00001	1,037,272	-
Nutrition Services Incentive Program - Bexar AAA	93.053	539-16-0020-00001	1,363,078	972,729
Nutrition Services Incentive Program - Alamo AAA	93.053	539-16-0021-00001	322,801	
Subtotal Aging Cluster			7,110,482	3,885,633
Title III-E - Bexar AAA	93.052	539-16-0020-00001	722,090	1,059
Title III-E - Alamo AAA	93.052	539-16-0021-00001	226,699	
Subtotal			948,789	1,059
Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program (MIPPA -2) - ADRC	93.071	539-16-0031-00001	47,473	-
Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program (MIPPA -2) - Alamo AAA	93.071	539-16-0021-00001	15,128	
Subtotal			62,601	
State Health Insurance Assistance Program - Bexar AAA	93.324	539-16-0020-00001	112,525	_
State Health Insurance Assistance Program - Alamo AAA	93.324	539-16-0021-00001	71,344	
Subtotal			183,869	
Medical Assistance Program - Alamo Local Authority	93.778	539-16-0062-00001	614,192	-
Medical Assistance Program - Alamo Local Authority	93.778	529-18-0017-00001	322,266	
Subtotal Medicaid Cluster			936,458	
Money Follows the Person Rebalancing Demonstration - ADRC	93.791	539-16-0031-00001	97,513	-
Money Follows the Person Rebalancing Demonstration	93.791	539-16-0062-00001	78,499	-
Money Follows the Person Rebalancing Demonstration	93.791	529-18-0017-00001	48,523	
Subtotal			224,535	
Total Texas Health and Human Services Commission			9,724,438	3,886,692
Passed through Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs:				
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program	93.568	81160002401	425,758	-
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program	93.568	81170002651	1,125,076	
Total Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs			1,550,834	
Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			11,275,272	3,886,692

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Pass-through					
	Federal	Entity	Total		Passed	
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/	CFDA	Identifying		Federal	-	Through to
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	E	Expenditures	S	ubrecipients
FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)						
U. S. Department of Homeland Security						
Passed through Office of the Governor, Division of Emergency M	Management					
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	30071059	\$	52,000	\$	-
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	30080252		21,302		-
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	2964002		182,353		-
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	2964003		42,415	_	
Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security				298,070	_	
Total Federal Expenditures			\$	15,376,799	\$	3,886,692

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

State Grantor/Program Title	Grant Number	Expenditures	
STATE AWARDS			
Texas Health and Human Services Commission			
State General Revenue - FY 2017	539-16-0062-00001	\$	2,162,146
State General Revenue - FY 2018	529-18-0017-00001		1,156,955
Permanency Planning - FY 2017	539-16-0062-00001		44,396
Permanency Planning - FY 2018	529-18-0017-00001		13,252
Community Living Options Information Process (CLOIP) - FY 2017	539-16-0062-00001		146,984
Community Living Options Information Process (CLOIP) - FY 2018	529-18-0017-00001		62,287
IDD Crisis Intervention Specialists - FY 2017	539-16-0062-00001		19,664
IDD Crisis Intervention Specialists - FY 2018	529-18-0017-00001		66,378
IDD Crisis Respite Services - FY 2017	539-16-0062-00001		10,509
IDD Crisis Respite Services - FY 2018	529-18-0017-00001		129,184
Nursing Facility PASRR Service Coordination - FY 2017	539-16-0062-00001		267,876
Nursing Facility PASRR Service Coordination - FY 2018	529-18-0017-00001		212,539
Nursing Facility Specialized Services - FY 2017	539-16-0062-00001		42,122
Nursing Facility Specialized Services - FY 2017	529-18-0017-00001		132,836
Subtotal			4,467,128
State General Revenue - Bexar AAA	539-16-0020-00001		679,077
State General Revenue - Alamo AAA	539-16-0021-00001		300,873
State General Revenue - ADRC	539-16-0031-00001		331,018
Total Texas Health and Human Services Commission			5,778,096
Commission on State Emergency Communications			
911 Emergency Communications	FY 2016	(38,303)
911 Emergency Communications	FY 2017		1,392,853
911 Emergency Communications	FY 2018		459,473
Total Commission on State Emergency Communications			1,814,023
Office of the Governor - Criminal Justice Division			
Regional Criminal Justice Coordination	30071046		116,667
Regional Criminal Justice Coordination	30080253		60,025
Subtotal			176,692
Regional Police Training Academy	SF-16-A10-14859-15		309,511
Regional Police Training Academy	SF-18-A10-14859-16		131,416
Subtotal	51 10 1110 1 100 10		440,927
Total Office of the Governor - Criminal Justice Division			
			617,619
Office of the Governor - Texas Military Preparedness Commission			
Defense Economic Adjustment Assistance Grant	TMPC1601-01-11		4,118,092
Total Office of the Governor - Texas Military Preparedness			
Commission			4,118,092
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality			
Air Quality	582-16-60180		496,304
Solid Waste Resource Recovery	582-16-60643		417,476
Solid Waste Resource Recovery	582-18-80528		66,883
Subtotal			484,359
Total Texas Commission on Environmental Quality			980,663
Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs			
Amy Young Barrier Removal Program	1001997		99,280
Total Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs			99,280

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

State Grantor/Program Title	Grant Number	Expenditures		
Texas Department of Transportation				
Rural Public Transportation	51218011517	\$	434,381	
Rural Public Transportation	51218011518		474,739	
Total Texas Department of Transportation			909,120	
<u>Texas Veterans Commission</u>				
Rides 4 Vets	FVA_16B_0318		205,989	
Rides 4 Vets	FVA_17_0398		177,330	
Total Texas Veterans Commission			383,319	
Total State Expenditures		\$	14,700,212	
Total Expenditures of Federal and State Awards		\$	30,077,011	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. GENERAL

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards presents the activity of all applicable federal and state awards programs of the reporting entity. The Council's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the basic financial statements. Federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is described in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

3. **NEGATIVE BALANCES**

Due to a revision in the allocation of certain costs, certain granting agencies have retroactively reallocated certain grant expenditures. As a result of this, the effected grants reflect a negative balance on the current Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards at the request of the granting agency.

4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Grant expenditure reports as of December 31, 2017, which have been submitted to grantor agencies will, in some cases, differ slightly from amounts disclosed herein. The reports prepared for grantor agencies are often prepared at different dates and sometimes reflect refined estimates of year-end accruals. The reports will agree at termination of the grant, as the discrepancies noted are timing differences.

5. INDIRECT COSTS

The Council has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed in the *Uniform Guidance*, *Section 414*. Instead, the Council uses indirect and fringe benefit rates which are negotiated with the U.S. Economic Development Administration, which is the Council's designated federal cognizant agency. The Council uses a fixed-rate plus carry-forward provision.

6. SUBAWARDS FROM DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

In the administration of grants, the discretely presented component unit (AADC) may sometimes provide subawards to the primary government (AACOG). In accordance with federal and state guidelines, for purposes of determining Type A programs and reporting on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, these subawards within the single audit reporting entity are eliminated.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Section I: Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of report on financial statements

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Are material weakness(es) identified?

Are any significant deficiencies identified?

None reported

Is any noncompliance material to the financial

statements noted?

Federal and State Awards

Internal control over major federal and state programs:

Any material weakness(es) identified?

Are any significant deficiencies identified?

None reported

Type of report on compliance with major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) or the State of Texas Uniform Grant Management

Standards?

Identification of Major Federal and State Programs:

93.044, 93.045, 93.053 Aging Cluster

State General Revenue

Dollar threshold considered between Type A and

Type B federal programs \$750,000

Dollar threshold considered between Type A and

Type B state programs \$441,006

Low risk auditee statements

The Council was not classified as a low-risk auditee in

No

the context of 2 CFR 200. The Council was classified as a low-risk auditee in the context of the State of Texas *Uniform Grant Management Standards*.

Section II - GAGAS Findings

None

Section III - Federal and State Award Findings

None



<u>Board of Directors</u> Chris Schuchart, Chairman

County Judge, Medina County James C. Hasslocher, Vice Chairman

Board Member , University Health System

Luana Buckner

Board Chair, Edwards Aquifer Authority

Tommy Calvert

Commissioner, Bexar County

Suzanne de Leon

Mayor, City Balcones Heights

Cris Eugster

Chief Operating Officer, CPS Energy

Richard A. Evans

County Judge, Bandera County

Leah Garcia

Councilwoman, New Braunfels

Robert W. Gregory

Mayor, City of La Vernia

Robert L. Hurley

County Judge, Atascosa County

Richard L. Jackson

County Judge, Wilson County

Andrew Keller Mayor, City of La Coste

Sherman Krause

County Judge, Comal County Walter R. Long, Jr.

County Judge, Karnes County

Arnulfo Luna

County Judge, Frio County Darrel L. Lux

County Judge, Kendall County

Andrew Murr

State Representative, District 53

Manny Pelaez

Councilman, City of San Antonio

Clayton Perry

Councilman, City of San Antonio

Tom Pollard

County Judge, Kerr County

Katie N. Reed

Trustee, Northside ISD

Sergio "Chico" Rodriguez

Commissioner, Bexar County

Ana Sandoval

Councilwoman, City of San Antonio

Thomas A. Schoolcraft Mayor, City of Helotes

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Mayor, City of Boerne

Mark Stroeher

County Judge, Gillespie County

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County Judge, McMullen County

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Kevin A. Wolff

Commissioner, Bexar County

Jim O. Wolverton

Commissioner, Guadalupe County

Kyle Biedermann (Ex-Officio)

State Representative, District 73

Ryan Guillen (Ex-Officio)

State Representative, District 31 Felipe "Fil" Jimenez(Ex-Officio)

Joint Base San Antonio

John Kuempel (Ex-Officio)

State Representative, District 44

Judith Zaffirini (Ex-Officio)

State Representative, District 21

ALAMO AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

None

