

#### What's up with our air?

Air pollution is a health concern in the San Antonio area that requires a shared commitment from local agencies, businesses, and individuals to ensure the region meets national air quality standards and to protect our community and the environment.

#### What causes the problem?

Most air pollution in this region is caused by ground-level ozone. Ground-level ozone forms readily in the atmosphere during warm, sunny days. Sunlight causes chemicals from the fuels we burn (e.g., gasoline and diesel) and vapors from such products as gasoline and paint solvents to react together and form ozone.

Some air pollution comes from other regions of the state, the nation, and the world. Because solving our local ozone challenge requires addressing both local and non-local pollution sources, local air quality planners will continue to assess impacts of non-local pollution sources and will advocate appropriate measures to reduce the effect of "transport."

Why is it important for us to improve our air quality? Prolonged exposure to ground-level ozone produces harmful health effects, particularly among the young, people who are active outdoors, and people with respiratory illnesses.

Ground-level ozone is measured by monitoring stations established at various locations around San Antonio/ Bexar and adjacent counties. The data provided by these monitoring stations allow State meteorologists to

What steps can an individual take to improve air quality?

Everyone can help by heeding Air Quality Health Alerts and making simple changes in their daily routines to reduce pollution. Air Quality Health Alerts are issued when weather and atmospheric conditions are favorable for ozone formation.

Raising awareness engages people to do their part in protecting our air quality. Maintaining the quality of our air is everyone's business. We can take simple steps to reduce air pollution. Examples include:

Limit your driving: carpool, use mass transit, teleconference, walk, ride a bike, and use online services such as electronic banking;

Operate your vehicle properly: avoid jack rabbit starts and drive the speed limit,

Reduce engine idling by avoiding drive through lanes and turning the engine off when using school pick up and drop off areas:

determine air quality in the San Antonio region. When pollution is forecast to reach unhealthy concentrations, AACOG distributes an **Air Quality Health Alert** to local media, schools, government agencies, and businesses.

Compliance with the federal ozone standard is also determined by analyzing data collected at area monitors. "To attain the standard, the 3-year average of the fourth-highest daily maximum 8-hour average ozone concentrations measured at each monitor within an area over each year must not exceed 75 parts per billion" (EPA <a href="http://www.epa.gov/glo/standards.html">http://www.epa.gov/glo/standards.html</a>). The San Antonio area is very close to non-attainment of this standard.

The consequences of failing to improve our air quality include health and mobility challenges and major impacts on the area's economic growth.



### Who is responsible for local air quality planning?

The Air Improvement Resources (AIR) Executive Committee of AACOG is a collaboration of local elected officials representing the counties and largest cities of the San Antonio Metropolitan Statistical Area who strive to improve air quality in our region. These officials direct research to develop air quality strategies, and can create legislation within their local jurisdictions in order to implement region-wide strategies.



# What happens if a region fails to meet the federal air quality standards?

The answer depends on the severity of the air pollution problem. Regions in "marginal" nonattainment of air quality standards typically implement less stringent control measures than "severe" nonattainment areas.

The Clean Air Act addresses many different pollution sources and a variety of clean-up methods to reduce common air pollutants. Many of the clean-up requirements involve large industrial sources as well as motor vehicles. Controls for smaller pollution sources, such as gasoline stations and paint shops, may also be required.

## Simple steps to improve air quality (continued)

Refuel your vehicle after 6:00 pm on Air Quality Health Alert days;

Make sure you follow the recommended maintenance schedule for your vehicle;

Keep your vehicle's tires properly inflated;

Do not continue dispensing fuel after the pump "clicks;" and

Replace your vehicle's gas cap securely after refueling.

For more tips visit

#### www.CleanAirDrive.com



Other helpful websites:

#### NuRide

http://www.nuride.com/

### AirNow

http://airnow.gov/

#### **Drive Clean Across Texas**

http://www.drivecleanacrosstexas.org/

#### **TCEQ**

http://www.tceq.state.tx.us/

### AACOG Air Quality Page http://www.aacog.com/index.aspx?NID=99



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